

Flowdown Attachment RIS FDA-2022.0282

Subcontract No.: L3SC-0092 Prime Contract No.: HC1046-22-C-0002 DPAS Rating: DO-A7

If the Purchase Order on date of award is valued at or above the threshold specified in FAR 19.702(a), located at <u>https://www.acquisition.gov/far/19.702</u>, and is not for commercial items, the following applies:

In order to meet the requirements of FAR 52.219-9 or DFARS 252.219-7004, the Seller agrees to provide a Small Business Subcontracting Plan prior to the award of a Purchase Order. The referenced plan should contain goals for subcontracting with small businesses, small-disadvantaged businesses, woman-owned small business, historically under-utilized small business, veteran owned and service disabled veteran owned businesses in accordance with the plan requirements outlined in FAR 52.219-9 or DFARS 252.219-7004.

In addition, the Seller must submit an Individual Subcontracting Report (ISR) via the Electronic Subcontracting Reporting System (eSRS) (http://www.esrs.gov) on a semi-annual basis for reporting periods ending on March 31st and September 30th. Reports are due no later than 30 days after the close of each reporting period.

Email for Seller's official acknowledging or rejecting the ISR: <u>ris.esrs@raytheon.com</u> (Seller must include contractor official on the ISR report email notification)

The following customer contract requirements apply to this Order or Purchase Order to the extent indicated below and are hereby incorporated into the Order or Purchase Order by full text or by reference with the same force and effect as if they were given in full text. Upon Supplier's or Seller's request, Buyer's Purchasing Representative will make their full text available. Also, the full text of a FAR or DFARS provision or clause may be accessed electronically at these addresses: https://www.acquisition.gov/dfars/part-252-solicitation-provisions-and-contract-clauses or https://www.acquisition.gov/far/:

Whenever necessary to make the context of the Clauses applicable to the Order or Purchase Order, the term "Contractor" or "Offeror" shall mean "Supplier" or "Seller", "Subcontractor" shall mean "Seller's Subcontractor", the term "Contract" shall mean the Order or Purchase Order, and the term "Government", "Contracting Officer" and equivalent phrases shall mean Buyer, except the terms "Government" and "Contracting Officer" do not change: (a) in the phrases, "Government Property", "Government-Furnished Property", and "Government-Owned Property", (b) in the patent Clauses if incorporated herein, (c) when a right, act, authorization, or obligation can be granted or performed only by the Government or the Contracting Officer or a duly authorized representative, such as in FAR 52.227-1 and FAR 52.227-2, (d) when title to property is to be transferred directly to the Government, (e) when access to Proprietary Information is required, except as specifically otherwise provided herein, and (f) where specifically modified herein. Supplier or Seller shall incorporate into each lower-tier subcontract placed in support of the Order or Purchase Order all applicable Clauses in accordance with the flowdown requirements specified in each such Clause. If any of the following clauses do not apply to this Order or Purchase Order, such clauses are considered to be self-deleting.



SPECIAL CONTRACT REQUIREMENTS:

18. QUALITY CONTROL, INSPECTION, REJECTION, AND ACCEPTANCE

(Applicable to all Purchase Orders).

(a) Seller and its suppliers shall establish and maintain a quality management, inspection and counterfeit parts program acceptable to Buyer and consistent with current industry standards (e.g., ISO9001, AS9100, AS9115, AS9120, AS5553, AS6496, AS6174, etc.). Seller shall permit Buyer to review procedures, practices, processes and related documents to determine such acceptability. Seller shall have a continuing obligation to promptly notify Buyer of any violation or deviation from Seller's approved inspection/quality control system and to advise Buyer of the quantity and specific identity of any ltems or Services provided to Buyer during the period of any such violation or deviation. If Seller learns of any violations of its obligations under this Article, Seller shall within forty-eight (48) hours so notify Buyer and within sixty (60) days must rectify the non-compliance issues. If the violation is not corrected and certification has not taken place within this time frame, then Buyer at its sole discretion may terminate this Order. Seller will notify Buyer of any significant changes that affect quality within twenty-four (24) hours of that change. These changes include—but are not limited to—change in key management or personnel, change in source of supply of key materials, and change in address or site configuration.

(b) Subject to applicable national security regulations, Buyer and Buyer's Customer shall have the right of access, on a non-interference basis, to any area of Seller's or Seller's supply chain sub-tier premises where any part of the work is being performed. Seller shall flow this requirement down to its sub tier supply chain suppliers as a condition of this Order. Seller shall, without additional costs to Buyer, provide all reasonable in-plant accommodations, facilities, and assistance for the safety and convenience of the Buyer and the Buyer's representatives in the performance of their duties.

(c) This Order may include requirements for design, test, inspection, verification (including production process verification), use of statistical techniques for product acceptance, and related instructions for acceptance by Buyer, and as applicable critical items including key characteristics and requirements for test specimens (e.g., production method, number, storage conditions) for design approval, inspection/verification, investigation or auditing This Order grants Buyer and its customer the right to inspect and test material, work in process, services, and supplies, but not the obligation. Seller retains the obligation to ensure proper inspection and testing. Seller shall keep and maintain inspection, test, and related records, for a period of six (6) years following completion of the order. Seller shall allow copies to be made and shall furnish all records required by the Buyer or Buyer's Customer.

(d) Seller shall not provide non-conforming Items or Services. Buyer shall have the right to reject any Items or Services or lots of Items which it determines are defective in material or workmanship or otherwise not in conformity with the requirements of this Order and to require their correction or replacement, or to provide other disposition direction for the non-conforming Items or Services. Rejected Items or Services shall be removed or if permitted or required by Buyer, corrected in place by and at the expense of Seller promptly after notice, and shall not thereafter be tendered for acceptance unless the former rejection or requirement of correction is disclosed. If Seller fails to promptly replace, correct, or remove such Items or Services or lots of Items which are required to be removed, Buyer may:

(1) replace or correct such Items or Services and charge to Seller the cost occasioned Buyer thereby; or



(2) pay for such Items or Services at a reduced price which is equitable under the circumstances; or

(3) cancel this Order, or any portion thereof, for default as provided in Article 15; or

(4) exercise any other applicable rights or remedies.

(e) If Buyer rejects any Items or Services as non-conforming, and Seller fails to inform Buyer in writing of the manner in which Seller desires that Buyer dispose of non-conforming Items or Services within forty-eight (48) hours of notice of Buyer's rejection of non-conforming Items or Services (or such shorter period as is reasonable under the circumstances), Buyer will be entitled to dispose of the non-conforming Items or Services without liability to Seller, provided, however, that in any event Buyer may elect to arrange for the shipment of any non-conforming Items or Services back to Seller at Seller's expense. Seller will bear all risk of loss with respect to all non- conforming Items or Services and will promptly pay or reimburse all costs incurred by Buyer to return, store or dispose of any non-conforming Items or Services.

(f) Buyer's payment for any non-conforming Items or Services will not constitute acceptance by Buyer, limit or impair Buyer's right to exercise any rights or remedies, or relieve Seller of responsibility for the nonconforming Items or Services. In the event Buyer decides for any reason to accept non-conforming Items or Services, any costs incurred by Buyer testing, evaluating and manufacturing, relating to the design changes to any of the Items or Services, shall be responsibility of Seller, and Seller may not pass along any costs in relation to the design change(s).

(g) Inspection and test by Buyer or its customer of any Items or Services or lots thereof does not relieve Seller from any responsibility regarding defects or other failures to meet Order requirements which may be discovered prior to acceptance or during the warranty period set forth in Article 18. In the event Seller discovers an Item or Service is non-conforming subsequent to performance or delivery, Seller shall promptly notify Buyer. Disposition shall be in accordance with paragraphs (d) and (e) of this Article.

(h) Final acceptance by Buyer of the Items or Services provided hereunder shall take place only after complete delivery of all Items or Services in accordance with the delivery schedule specified herein or later agreed upon by the Parties in writing and after final inspection of those Items or Services by Buyer and Buyer's Customer. Final acceptance shall be contingent upon agreement by Buyer and Buyer's Customer that the Items or Services conform to the requirements of this Order. Final acceptance by Buyer shall be conclusive, except for latent defects, negligent or intentional misrepresentations by Seller that a nonconformity or defect would be or had been cured or did not exist, acceptance induced by false or negligent assurances of Seller, or as otherwise provided in this Order or applicable law. Seller shall not consider acceptance to be Buyer's Final acceptance until Buyer issues a Final Acceptance Document. Final acceptance by Buyer of the Items or Services delivered hereunder shall not limit or affect the warranty or indemnity granted by Seller hereunder.

20. INSURANCE

(Applicable to all Purchase Orders).

(Replaces RTX Standard Terms and Conditions of Purchase – Product, Section 12.1).

(1) Commercial General Liability ("GCL") insurance, with limits of at least \$5,000,000 combined single limit for bodily injury and property damage per occurrence and \$5,000,000 annual aggregate





(2) Workers' Compensation Statutory for the jurisdiction where the work is to be performed, including Federal Acts if applicable Employers' Liability, \$1,000,000 each person/accident. In states where Workers' Compensation insurance is a monopolistic state-run system (e.g., Ohio, Washington, North Dakota, and Wyoming), Seller shall add Stop Gap Employers Liability with limits not less than \$500,000 for each accident or disease. To the extent that any work to be performed is subject to the Jones Act, the Longshore and Harbor Workers' Compensation Act, or the Defense Base Act, the Workers' Compensation policy must be endorsed to cover such liability under such Act.

(3) Automobile Liability insurance shall be for an amount of at least \$5,000,000 combined single limit for bodily injury and property damage per accident.

(4) Employer's Liability with limits of at least \$2,000,000 for each occurrence .

(1) Professional Liability \$5,000,000 per claim

(i) Internet Liability and Network Protection (Cyber-risk) insurance with limits of at least \$2,500,000 each claim or wrongful act.

(ii) Media Liability insurance with limits of at least \$2,500,000 each claim or wrongful act.

(4) All Risk Property Insurance Replacement Value (covering property of Buyer or Buyer's customer in the care, custody or control of Seller and include Buyer as Loss Payee.

(5) Fidelity or Crime insurance covering employee dishonesty, including but not limited to dishonest acts of Seller, its employees, agents, subcontractors and anyone under Seller's supervision or control. The Seller shall be liable for money, securities or other property of Buyer. Seller shall include a client coverage endorsement written for limits of at least \$1,000,000 and shall include Buyer as Loss Payee.

(6) Environmental Insurance (Contractor's Pollution Liability) with limits of at least \$5,000,000 each occurrence, claim, or wrongful act and \$10,000,000 aggregate. The policy must include Buyer, its Affiliates, and their directors, officers, and employees as Additional Named Insured's. Seller shall provide a copy of the Additional Insured endorsement to Buyer. If required within the scope of Seller's work to be performed, the insurance required herein cannot exclude coverage for bodily injury, property damage, pollution or environmental harm resulting from or arising out of the work to be performed, asbestos, lead or silica-related claims, claims arising out of microbial matter or bacteria, testing, monitoring, measuring operations or laboratory analyses, or liability arising out of the operation of a treatment facility. The policy must contain a separation of insured's clause. If a motor vehicle is used in connection with the work to be performed, the Business Automobile Liability policy will include coverage at least as broad as Insurance Services Office (ISO) CA 99 48 and be endorsed to include Motor Carrier Act endorsement MCS 90.

(7) Pollution Legal Liability with limits of at least \$3,000,000 each occurrence, claim, or wrongful act and \$6,000,000 aggregate.

(c) The above limits may be satisfied by any combination of both primary and excess limits. Seller shall arrange a waiver of subrogation for the above. Except for Workers' Compensation, Aviation Liability, Hangar keeper's Liability, All Risk Property, and Fidelity or Crime, Seller shall name Buyer as an additional insured under each of the above policies and shall provide to Buyer, within fifteen (15) days of Buyer's issuance of a



SOW, a Certificate of Insurance evidencing compliance with this Section. Seller shall notify Buyer when cancellation or any material change in the policies adversely affect the interests of Buyer in such insurance, and such changes shall not become effective until thirty (30) days after written notice is provided to Buyer.

(d) Seller and Seller's subcontractors shall furnish, prior to the start of work or at such other time as Buyer requires, certificates or adequate proof of the foregoing insurance. The policies shall be endorsed to provide thirty (30) days written notice of cancellation to Buyer. Any other coverage available to Buyer shall apply on an excess basis.

(e) Seller agrees that Seller, Seller's insurer(s) and anyone claiming by, through, under or on Seller's behalf shall have no claim, right of action or right of subrogation against Buyer and Buyer' Customer based on any loss or liability insured against under the foregoing insurance.

26. RIGHTS IN DATA AND INVENTIONS

(Applicable to all Purchase Orders).

(e) Inventions. Subject to this Article 26 paragraph (h) below, any invention constituting Foreground Intellectual Property is hereby assigned to Buyer and Buyer shall own all right, title, and interest in such property. Seller shall execute all documents necessary to perfect Buyer's interest in and title thereto, including, without limitation, assigning any and all right, title and interest Seller has in any such invention to Buyer. Seller shall ensure that any third party with whom Seller has subcontracted to deliver Items or Services, and Seller's employees, also executes and assigns any and all rights, titles, and interest in any such invention to Buyer. Seller shall, within two (2) months after conception or first actual reduction to practice of any invention constituting Foreground Intellectual Property and prior to completion of the Order, disclose in writing to Buyer all inventions, whether or not patentable, in sufficient technical detail to clearly convey the invention to one skilled in the art to which the invention pertains. Seller shall promptly execute all written instruments, and assist as Buyer reasonably directs in order to file, acquire, prosecute, maintain, enforce and assign Buyer's invention rights. Seller hereby irrevocably appoints Buyer and any of Buyer's officers and agents as Seller's attorney in fact to act on Seller's behalf and instead of Seller, with the same legal force and effect as if executed by Seller, with respect to executing any such written instruments.

27. ITEM SUPPORT

(Applicable to all Purchase Orders).

(a) Seller shall agree to support the Items purchased hereunder during the operational life of the Items or for a period of ten (10) years from the date of final shipment under this Order and expiration of any warranty period if Buyer funds such support. Said support includes, but is not limited to, technical service and maintenance of Seller's stock of subassemblies and spare parts as may be required to be ordered to support the operation of the Items.

(b) In the event Seller discontinues manufacturing, dealing, or reselling the aforementioned Items, subassemblies and spare parts therefore, and does not provide for another qualified source, Seller shall give Buyer not less than twelve (12) months' notice of such decision to discontinue and thereupon Make available to Buyer all drawings, specifications, data, and know-how which will enable Buyer or its customers to manufacture or procure said Items, subassemblies and spare parts under a royalty free license which is hereby granted.



41. PROHIBITED SOFTWARE

(a) This clause only applies to Services/Items that include the delivery of software.

(b) "OSS License" means the General Public License ("GPL"), Lesser/Library GPL, (LGPL), the Affero GPL (AGL), the Apache license, the Berkeley Software Distribution ("BSD") license, the MIT license, the Artistic License (e.g., PERL), the Mozilla Public License (MPL), or variations thereof, including without limitation licenses referred to as "Free Software License", "Open Source License", "Public License", or "GPL Compatible License."

(c) As used herein, "Prohibited Software" means software that incorporates or embeds software in, or integrates software in connection with, as part of, bundled with, or alongside any

(1) open source, publicly available, or "free" software, library or documentation; or

(2) software that is licensed under a Prohibited License; or

(3) software provided under a license that:

(4) subjects the delivered software to any Prohibited License; or

(5) requires the delivered software to be licensed for the purpose of making derivative works or be redistributable at no charge; or

(6) obligates Buyer to sell, loan, distribute, disclose or otherwise make available or accessible to any third party:

(i) the delivered software, or any portion thereof, in object code and/or source code formats; or

(ii) any Items incorporating the delivered software, or any portion thereof, in object code and/or source code formats.

(d) Seller shall disclose to Buyer in writing any (OSS) that will be used or delivered in connection with this Contract and shall obtain Buyer's prior written consent before using or delivering such OSS in connection with this Contract. Buyer may withhold such consent in its sole discretion. Seller warrants all OSS used or delivered in connection with this Contract complies with any applicable OSS License.

(e) Seller warrants that any hardware, software, and firmware Items delivered under this order to the extent reasonably possible: (i) do not contain any viruses, malicious code, Trojan horse, worm, time bomb, self-help code, back door, or other software code or routine designed to (a) damage, destroy, or alter any software or hardware; (b) reveal, damage, destroy, or alter any data; (c) disable any computer program automatically; Or (d) permit unauthorized access to any software or hardware; and (ii) do not contain any 3rd party software (including software that may be considered free software or open source software) that (a) may require any software to be published, accessed or otherwise made available without the consent of Buyer or (b) may require distribution, copying or modification of any software free of charge.



53. CYBER SECURITY AND INCIDENT REPORTING

(Applicable to all Purchase Orders).

If DFARS 252.204-7012, Safeguarding Covered Defense Information and Cyber Incident Reporting, is applicable to purchase orders issued by Buyer. Seller shall be responsible for the following in addition to those requirements specified in the above DFARS clause:

(a) As defined therein, the Seller shall rapidly report cyber incidents to the DoD at http://dibnet.dod.mil and the Buyer, providing the requisite information required under the clause.

(b) Without exception, any cyber incident the Seller encounters shall be reported to Buyer as soon as practicable within 72 hours of discovery of an incident.

(c) In the event of a data breach, Buyer shall be afforded unfettered access to certain technical information (e.g., logs, packet flow information, etc.). This information will be required to satisfy Buyer's customer information requests.

(d) Failure to report or provide these notices will be considered a material breach of this Order In further support of this requirement, should Buyer elect to utilize supplier checklists, representations or certifications of compliance, outside vendor verification, and/or onsite security audits, Seller shall support as required to meet the continuing needs of Buyer's customer.

12. STANDARD OFFSET PROVISION

(Applicable to all Purchase Orders).

To the exclusion of all others, Buyer or its assignees shall be entitled to all industrial benefits or offset credits that may result from the issuance of this Purchase Order / Subcontract. It is Buyer's intent to utilize any industrial benefits/offset credits in support of Buyer's offset obligations and those of its Corporate Affiliates, Prime Contractors, or other business partners. Seller agrees to use reasonable efforts to identify the foreign content of any goods or services that Seller either produces itself or procures from its Suppliers/Subcontractors for work directly related to this Purchase Order/Subcontract. Seller shall provide buyer a written notice every six (6) months documenting whether or not there has been any foreign content related to this Purchase Order/Subcontract. Seller shall provide documentation or information that Buyer or its assignees may reasonably request to substantiate claims for industrial benefits or offset credits.

22. DISCONTINUED PRODUCT

(Applicable to all Purchase Orders).

The parties recognize that electronic component suppliers at times discontinue or reduce manufacture of MIL-Standard or MIL Specification parts. In the event a component is no longer stocked or manufactured as part of Seller's regular product line, the Seller shall notify Buyer of any pending future action to discontinue purchased items through written notification to the cognizant procurement representative.



23. SUPPLIER PROCESS CHANGE CONTROL

(Applicable to all Purchase Orders).

Some or all of the products acquired under this Agreement will be incorporated into higher level assemblies that may be subject to stringent "qualification testing" requirements for critical government applications; even minor changes to Seller's products or processes may necessitate "requalification" or produce unacceptable results in higher level assemblies. Since the impact of any such product/process change can be most efficiently assessed prior to product integration into higher level assemblies and the potential cost of remediation/retrofit activities for end products deployed worldwide could be substantial, as a cardinal commitment under this contract, Seller expressly commits to: 1) maintain a robust sourcing/quality process for the products delivered hereunder; 2)rigorously comply with the notification requirements specified below; and 3) include provisions with its sub-tier suppliers that are adequate to implement the requirements of this provision.

24. PRIOR APPROVAL – FORM/FIT/FUNCTION ALTERATIONS

(Applicable to all Purchase Orders)

Seller will not implement, or otherwise deliver to Buyer, products incorporating any alterations to product form, fit, or function without the express prior written approval of the Buyer. To obtain approval, Seller shall submit to Buyer the Change or Information Request Form (CIR) located at http://www2.l-3com.com/csw/docs/wsm/default.html, under the "Supplier" and "Supplier Forms" Tab (SLC-9012). Such approval shall not be unreasonably withheld but shall be dependent upon Seller's thorough documentation of such proposed changes (including any analysis necessary to confirm continued suitability). Seller's notification and Buyer's limited approval of such form, fit or function alterations shall not be interpreted to waive any other contractual requirement(s) or to otherwise relieve Seller from delivering fully compliant products.

25. PRIOR NOTIFICATION

(All Applicable Purchase Orders that require a material change).

Material Changes: Prior to delivering any products incorporating a "material change", Seller shall provide advance notice to Buyer in sufficient time to reasonably evaluate the proposed change and, if necessary, to place an end-of-life order for the unchanged product, but in no event shall Seller's notice be less than 30 calendar days. In providing notice, Seller shall submit to Buyer the Change or Information Request Form (CIR) located at http://www2.l-3com.com/csw/docs/wsm/default.html, under the "Supplier" and "Supplier Forms" Tab (SLC-9012). For purposes of this clause a "material change" is any alteration to the design, technical specifications, materials, component sourcing, or production process, facilities or location, whether instigated by Seller or its sub-tier suppliers.

Risk Notification – Product Alerts Buyer shall be promptly notified whenever Seller becomes aware or reasonably suspects that any product delivered to Buyer is, or contains a component that is, subject to a recall notice, warning alert, GIDEP Alert, and/or any other type of notification or concern regarding product authenticity, quality, safety, process integrity, and/or specification compliance



26. SPECIAL PROCESS REQUIREMENTS

(Applicable to all Purchase Orders that provide "Special Process" services or products that have been manufactured using "Special Processes" to CSW (Special Processors).

Suppliers who provide "Special Process" services or products that have been manufactured using "Special Processes" to CSW (Special Processors) are required to have those special processes validated and approved by CSW Supplier Quality. Additional information can be found within the Supplier Quality Requirements document (SQR-001). Provide a list of all special processes, including subtier processes within the supply base, for consideration of use and authorization to proceed.

27. EXCESS GOVERNMENT OR L3 PROPERTY INCLUDING SCRAP MATERIALS RESULTING FROM REPAIR

(Applicable to all Purchase Orders).

a. Excess property including scrap resulting from any and all repairs shall be reported to the Subcontract Manager containing the following data elements upon identification and held until final disposition action is provided.

1. The listing, at a minimum shall include the following data elements.

- i. Identification/Tag Number
- ii. Item description
- iii. Date acquired
- iv. Ownership (USG/L3 CSW)
- v. Property Type (EQ, ST, STE, Mat)
- vi. Accountable Purchase Order vii. Physical location
- viii. Condition Code
- ix. Comments
- x. Hazardous/Sensitive

b. No property, including materials, shall be disposed of without prior consent and direction from L3 CSW.

c. If for any reason the disposition action(s) cannot be carried out by the subcontractor, the subcontractor is required to immediately report the reasons to the L3 CSW Subcontract Manager.

4.6. RELOCATION/TRANSFER OF WORK

(Applicable to all Purchase Orders).



The location of manufacturing shall be the Supplier's facility address referenced on Buyer's P.O. The Supplier shall not subcontract for the design, fabrication, or procurement of the whole or any substantial part of the work specified in the PO without the prior written approval of CSW. The Supplier shall notify their Procurement Representative in writing within 60 days prior to the change occurring. Relocation of this work to a different facility, division, affiliate, or subsidiary of the Supplier's company shall be submitted for approval to L3 CSW Supplier Quality Engineering prior to relocation of the work. In the event of a relocation/transfer of work, requalification of processes may be required.

4.7. RIGHT OF ENTRY

(Applicable to all Purchase Orders).

Buyer, its customer, and/or their authorized inspection agency or regulatory authorities shall have the right to send representatives to the Supplier's and its Sub-tier facilities on a non-interference basis to survey the Supplier's Quality Management System and to determine product and/or process compliance with requirements of the PO or this document.

Without additional charges, the Supplier and/or their Sub-tiers shall make their facility and applicable records available for these activities and provide all reasonable support for the safety and convenience of these representatives during their stay at the Supplier's and/or their Sub-tier's plants and facilities. This includes accommodations for any inspection and product acceptance activities at the supplier's and/or their Sub-tier's plants and facilities.

4.8. RECORDS

(Applicable to all Purchase Orders).

The Supplier shall control and retain all required records as objective evidence of conformance to requirements of both the Purchase Order and this document. The Supplier shall make records available to Buyer upon request within three business days and at no additional cost. Records shall be retained for a period of 7 years from the time of final PO payment, unless a longer period is specified in the PO.

Where practical, the preferred medium for records is in electronic format. Correction or alternation of records may be made providing the corrections are clearly identified, such as single line strikethrough that is signed/dated by an authorized individual (e.g. do not use white out, correction tape).

Records shall include traceability information from procured material to manufacturing, assembly, and tests and inspections of product delivered to CSW necessary to determine authenticity and conformance to PO requirements.

Clause Number	Title	Applicability (Reference to "Purchase Orders" includes underlying Solicitations)	••	commercial (C) -Commercial ements
			С	NC
52.203-13	Contractor Code of Business Ethics and Conduct (Jun 2020)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders, including for Commercial Items pursuant	х	X

FAR AND DFARS CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY REFERENCE:



Clause Number	Title	Applicability (Reference to "Purchase Orders" includes underlying Solicitations)	and/or Non-Co (NC) procurem C M	to Commercial (C) Non-Commercial ocurements
		Solicitations	С	NC
		to 52.244-6, (i) that have a value more than \$6 million; and (ii) that have a performance period of more than 120 days.		
52.203-16	Preventing Personal Conflicts of Interest (Jun 2020)	Applicable to Purchase Orders that exceed the Simplified Acquisition Threshold and include a requirement for services that involve performance of acquisition functions closely associated with inherently governmental functions for, or on behalf of, a Federal agency or department.	X	X
52.204-14	Service Contract Reporting Requirements (Oct 2016)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders when Seller is a first-tier subcontractor providing services when the Purchase Order is at or above the thresholds in FAR 4.1703(a)(2) so that Buyer can get required information from Seller for reporting by Buyer to Buyer's customer. Seller's information will be made available to the public as required by section 743 of Division C of the Consolidated Appropriations Act, 2010.	X	X
52.204-15	Service Contract Reporting Requirements for Indefinite Delivery Contracts (Oct 2016)	Applicable to Purchase Orders for cost- reimbursement, time-and-material, and labor-hour service contracts (including construction) and orders with an estimated value above the simplified acquisition threshold and for all fixed- price service contracts with an estimated total value of \$500,000 or greater.	X	x
52.204-21	Basic Safeguarding of Covered Contractor Information Systems (Jun 2016)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders, including for Commercial Items pursuant to 52.244-6, except commercially available off-the-shelf items, in which the Seller may have Federal contract information residing in or transiting through its information system.	X	x
52.204-23	Prohibition on Contracting for Hardware, Software, and Services Developed or Provided by Kaspersky Lab and Other Covered Entities (Jul	Applicable to all Purchase Orders, including for Commercial Items pursuant to 52.244-6.	x	X



Clause Number	Title	Applicability (Reference to "Purchase Orders" includes underlying Solicitations)		commercial (C) -Commercial ements	
		Solicitations	С	NC	
	2018)				
52.204-25	Prohibition on Contracting for Certain Telecommunications and Video Surveillance Services or Equipment (Aug 2020)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders, including for Commercial Items pursuant to 52.244-6.	X	x	
52.209-6	Protecting the Government's Interest When Subcontracting with Contractors Debarred, Suspended, or Proposed for Debarment (Jun 2020)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders exceeding \$35,000, except for Purchase Orders for commercially available off- the-shelf items.	X	X	
52.215-14	Integrity of Unit Prices (Jun 2020) - Alternate I (Oct 1997)	Applicable to Purchase Orders exceeding the Simplified Acquisition Threshold less paragraph (b) in the clause, except for construction or architect-engineer services under FAR Part 36; utility services under FAR Part 41; services where supplies are not required; and petroleum products.		x	
52.215-20	Requirements for Certified Cost or Pricing Data and Data Other Than Certified Cost or Pricing Data (Oct 2010)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders when certified cost or pricing data, or data other than certified cost or pricing data, will be required.	x	x	
52.215-21	Requirements for Certified Cost or Pricing Data and Data Other Than Certified Cost or Pricing Data Modifications (Jun 2020)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders when certified cost or pricing data, or data other than certified cost or pricing data, will be required for modifications.	X	X	
52.219-9	Small Business Subcontracting Plan (Jun 2020)	Applicable to Purchase Orders that are expected to exceed the threshold identified in FAR 19.702(a) on the date of subcontract/Purchase Order award (except to small business concerns) and to Purchase Orders to the extent that the work under the Purchase Order will be performed in the United States or its outlying areas or Seller is recruiting employees in the United States or its outlying areas to work on the Purchase Order. Not applicable to Purchase Orders for commercial items. Alt II and Alt III apply if included in Buyer's Government Contract.		X	



Clause Number	Title	Applicability (Reference to "Purchase Orders" includes underlying Solicitations)		ommercial (C) -Commercial ements	
			С	NC	
52.222-17	Nondisplacement of Qualified Workers (May 2014)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders over the Simplified Acquisition Threshold when services are to be performed by Seller (1) under service contracts, as defined at 22.001, (2) that succeed purchase orders for performance of the same or similar work at the same location and (3) that are not exempted by 22.1203-2 or waived in accordance with 22.1203-3. Seller to furnish information needed by Buyer to comply with paragraphs d and e of this clause.	X	X	
52.222-50	Combating Trafficking in Persons (Oct 2020)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders, including for Commercial Items pursuant to 52.244-6, except that the requirements in paragraph (h) of the clause apply only to (i) supplies that are other than commercially available off- the-shelf items that are acquired outside the United States, or for services to be performed outside the United States, and (ii) that exceed \$550,000 in value.	x	X	
52.222-54	Employment Eligibility Verification (Oct 2015)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders (i) for construction or commercial or noncommercial services (except commercial services that are part of a purchase of a COTS item, or an item that would be a COTS item, but for minor modifications, performed by the COTS provider, and that are normally provided for that COTS item); (ii) has a value more than \$3,500; and (iii) includes work performed in the United States. Foreign Sellers: "United States" means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, Puerto Rico, Guam, the Commonwealth of the Northern Mariana Islands, and the U.S. Virgin Islands.	X	X	
52.222-55	Minimum Wages Under Executive Order 13658 (Nov 2020)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders, including for Commercial Items pursuant to 52.244-6, regardless of dollar value, that are subject to the Service Contract Labor Standards statute or the Wage Rate Requirements (Construction) statute, and are to be performed in	X	X	



Clause Number	Title	Applicability (Reference to "Purchase Orders" includes underlying Solicitations)		Commercial (C) n-Commercial rements
			С	NC
		whole or in part in the United States.		
52.222-62	Paid Sick Leave Under Executive Order 13706 (Jan 2017)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders, including for Commercial Items pursuant to 52.244-6, that are subject to the Service Contract Labor Standards statute or the Wage Rate Requirements (Construction) statute and are to be performed in whole or in part in the United States.	X	x
52.223-6	Drug-Free Workplace (May 2001)	Applicable to Purchase Orders except when (i) the value of the acquisition is at or below the Simplified Acquisition Threshold, however, the requirements shall apply to contracts of any value awarded to an individual; (ii) the Purchase Order is for the acquisition of commercial items; or (iii) performance or partial performance will be outside the United States and its outlying areas.		x
52.223-9	Estimate of Percentage of Recovered Material Content for EPA Designated Products (May 2008)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders over \$150,000 that are for, or specify the use of, EPA-designed items containing recovered materials unless the acquisition is for commercially available off-the-shelf items. If technical personnel can verify estimates, then FAR 52.223-9.	x	x
52.224-2	Privacy Act (Apr 1984)	Applicable to Purchase Orders that require the design, development, or operation of any system of records on individuals that is subject to the Privacy Act.	X	x
52.225-1	Buy American—Supplies (Jan 2021)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders with a value exceeding the micro-purchase threshold but not exceeding \$25,000; and in Purchase Orders with a value exceeding \$25,000, if none of the clauses prescribed in 25.1101((b) and (c) apply, except if (i) the solicitation is restricted to domestic end products in accordance with subpart 6.3; (ii) the acquisition is for supplies for use within the United States and an exception to the Buy American statute applies; (iii) the acquisition is for	X	X



Clause Number	Title	Applicability (Reference to "Purchase Orders" includes underlying Solicitations)		Commercial (C) n-Commercial rements
		Solicitationsy	С	NC
		supplies for use outside the United States.		
52.225-3	Buy American–Free Trade Agreements– Israeli Trade Act (Jan 2021)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders if (A) the acquisition is for supplies, or for services involving the furnishing of supplies, for use within the United States, and the acquisition value is \$25,000 or more, but is less than \$182,000; (B) the acquisition is not for information technology that is a commercial item, using fiscal year 2004 or subsequent fiscal year funds; and (C) no exception in 25.401 applies.	X	x
52.225-4	Buy American Act Free Trade Agreements – Israeli Trade Act Certificate (May 2014)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders except for commercially available off-the-shelf items (COTS) as defined at FAR 2.101.	x	X
52.225-6	Trade Agreements Certificate (May 2014)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders	х	x
52.227-16	Additional Data Requirements (Jun 1987)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders involving experimental, developmental, research or demonstration work (other than basic or applied research to be performed solely by a university or college under \$500K)		x
52.230-2	Cost Accounting Standards (Oct 2015)	Applicable when stated in the Purchase Order.		x
52.232-7	Payments Under Time-and- Materials and Labor-Hour Contracts (Aug 2012)	Applicable to cost reimbursement, time and material or labor hour Purchase Orders. "Schedule" means the Purchase Order, "voucher(s)" means invoice(s).	X	x
52.232-32	Performance-Based Payments (Apr 2012)	Applicable to Purchase Orders only when Performance Based Payments are expressly approved by Buyer via order specific text on the Purchase Order.	x	x
52.232-40	Providing Accelerated Payments to Small Business Subcontractors (Dec 2013)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders, including for Commercial Items pursuant to 52.244-6, with small business concerns, including Purchase Orders with small business concerns for the acquisition of commercial items.	X	x



Clause Number	Title	Applicability (Reference to "Purchase Orders" includes underlying Solicitations)	and/or No	Commercial (C) n-Commercial rrements
		Solicitationsy	and/or Non-C (NC) procurentCIX2	NC
52.232-99	Providing Accelerated Payments to Small Business Subcontractors (Deviation 2012-00014) (Aug 2012)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders with small business concerns, including Purchase Orders with small business concerns for the acquisition of commercial items.	X	x
52.237-3	Continuity of Services (Jan 1991)	Applicable to Purchase Orders when services under the contract are considered vital to the Government and must be continued without interruption.	X	x
52.244-6	Subcontracts for Commercial Items (Jul 2021)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders.	x	X
52.247-64	Preference for Privately Owned U S -Flag Commercial Vessels (Feb 2006)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders, including for Commercial Items pursuant to 52.244-6, except those exempted in paragraph (e) (4) of the clause.	x	x
252.209-7004	Subcontracting with Firms that are Owned or Controlled by the Government of a Country that is a State Sponsor of Terrorism (May 2019)	Applicable to Purchase Orders over \$35,000.	X	X
252.209-7009	Organizational Conflict of InterestMajor Defense Acquisition Program (May 2019)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders.	X	X
252.211-7003	Item Unique Identification and Valuation (Mar 2016)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders. Seller's obligations under this clause are limited to cooperating with Buyer's efforts to comply with this clause, including granting Buyer access to Seller's deliverables at its facilities and to appropriate property records.	X	x
252.219-7004	Small Business Subcontracting Plan (Test Program) (May 2019)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders to Sellers that participate in the Test Program described in DFARS 219.702-70, if the subcontract offers further subcontracting opportunities and is expected to exceed the applicable threshold specified in FAR 19.702(a) on the date of subcontract/Purchase Order award.	X	x
252.225-7001	Buy American Act and Balance	Applicable to all Purchase orders except	х	X



Clause Number	Title	Applicability (Reference to "Purchase Orders" includes underlying Solicitations)	and/or No	
		Solicitationsy	Applies to Command/or Non-Com C NC C NC X X X X X X X X X X X X	NC
	of Payments Program (Dec 2017)	Purchase Orders for commercially available off-the-shelf items (COTS) as defined at FAR 2.101. Seller must deliver goods that contain more than 50% United States or Qualifying Country content pursuant to the clause.		
252.225-7012	Preference for Certain Domestic Commodities (Dec 2017)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders.	x	X
252.225-7013	Duty-Free Entry (Apr 2020)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders with Sellers who are located in a "Qualifying country" as defined in DFARS Part 225.8; or if the estimated U.S. duty for the Goods will exceed \$300 per shipment. The information required by paragraph (j)(3) of this clause is available upon request.	x	X
252.225-7028	Exclusionary Policies and Practices of Foreign Governments (Apr 2003)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders for supplies and services.	x	x
252.225-7039	Defense Contractors Performing Private Security Functions (Jun 2016)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders when private security functions will be performed outside the United States in areas of— (1) Contingency operations; (2) Combat operations, as designated by the Secretary of Defense; (3) Other significant military operations (as defined in 32 CFR part 159), designated by the Secretary of Defense upon agreement of the Secretary of State; (4) Peace operations, consistent with Joint Publication 3-07.3; or (5) Other military operations or military exercises, when designated by the Combatant Commander.	X	X
252.227-7018	Rights in Noncommercial Technical Data and Computer Software—Small Business Innovation Research (SBIR) Program (Feb 2014)	Applicable to Purchase Orders whenever any noncommercial technical data or computer software is to be delivered under the Purchase Order.		X
252.227-7039	PatentsReporting of Subject Inventions (Apr 1990)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders for experimental, developmental, or research work to be performed by a		x



Clause Number	Title	Applicability (Reference to "Purchase Orders" includes underlying Solicitations)		Commercial (C) on-Commercial urements
		Solutionsy	С	NC
		small business concern or nonprofit organization		
252.229-7014	Taxes-Foreign Contracts in Afghanistan (Dec 2015)	Applicable to Purchase Orders using FAR part 12 procedures for the acquisition of commercial items in Afghanistan, unless the clause at 252.229-7015 is used.	X	X
252.229-7015	Taxes-Foreign Contracts in Afghanistan (North Atlantic Treaty Organization Status of Forces Agreement) (Dec 2015)	Applicable to Purchase Orders using FAR part 12 procedures for the acquisition of commercial items in Afghanistan, awarded on behalf of the North Atlantic Treaty Organization (NATOO, which are governed by the NATO Status of Forces Agreement (SOFA), if approval from the Director, Defense Procurement and Acquisition Policy, Office of the Under Secretary of Defense for Acquisition, Technology, and Logistics, has been obtained prior to each use.	X	X
252.232-7012	Performance-Based Payments—Whole-Contract Basis (Apr 2020)	Applicable to Purchase Orders only when Performance Based Payments are expressly approved by Buyer via order specific text on the Purchase Order.	x	X
252.232-7013	Performance-Based Payments- Deliverable-Item Basis (Apr 2020)	Applicable to Purchase Orders only when Performance Based Payments are expressly approved by Buyer via order specific text on the Purchase Order.	x	X
252.234-7004	Cost and Software Data Reporting System (Nov 2014)	Applicable to Purchase Orders that exceed \$50 million.	x	X
252.237-7023	Continuation of Essential Contractor Services (Oct 2010)	Applicable to all Purchase Orders for essential services as defined in the clause.	x	X

FAR, DFARS AND SPECIAL AGENCY CLAUSES INCORPORATED BY FULL TEXT:

52.203-14 DISPLAY OF HOTLINE POSTER(S) (JUN 2020)

(Applicable to Purchase Orders over \$6,000,000, except for Purchase Orders performed entirely outside the United States or for the acquisition of a commercial item. Applies to Non-Commercial procurements only).

(a) Definition.



United States, as used in this clause, means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and outlying areas.

(b) Display of fraud hotline poster(s). Except as provided in paragraph (c)—

(1) During contract performance in the United States, the Contractor shall prominently display in common work areas within business segments performing work under this contract and at contract work sites-

(i) Any agency fraud hotline poster or Department of Homeland Security (DHS) fraud hotline poster identified in paragraph (b)(3) of this clause; and

(ii) Any DHS fraud hotline poster subsequently identified by the Contracting Officer.

(2) Additionally, if the Contractor maintains a company website as a method of providing information to employees, the Contractor shall display an electronic version of the poster(s) at the website.

(3) Any required posters may be obtained as follows:

Poster(s)

Obtain from

Poster(s)

Obtain from

(Contracting Officer shall insert—

(i) Appropriate agency name(s) and/or title of applicable Department of Homeland Security fraud hotline poster); and

(ii) The website(s) or other contact information for obtaining the poster(s).)

(c) If the Contractor has implemented a business ethics and conduct awareness program, including a reporting mechanism, such as a hotline poster, then the Contractor need not display any agency fraud hotline posters as required in paragraph (b) of this clause, other than any required DHS posters.

(d) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in all subcontracts that exceed the threshold specified in Federal Acquisition Regulation 3.1004(b)(1) on the date of subcontract award, except when the subcontract—

(1) Is for the acquisition of a commercial item; or

(2) Is performed entirely outside the United States.

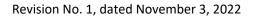
(End of clause)

52.216-7 ALLOWABLE COST AND PAYMENT (AUG 2018)

(Applicable to Cost Reimbursement or Time & Material Purchase Orders. Seller must execute assignment documents in accordance with requirements in the clause. Applies to Non-Commercial procurements only).

(a) Invoicing.

(1) The Buyer will make payments to the Contractor when requested as work progresses, but (except for small business concerns) not more often than once every 2 weeks, in amounts determined to be allowable by the Buyer's Representative in accordance with Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) Subpart 31.2 in effect on





the date of this contract and the terms of this contract. The Contractor may submit to an authorized representative of the Buyer's Representative, in such form and reasonable detail as the representative may require, an invoice or voucher supported by a statement of the claimed allowable cost for performing this contract.

(2) Contract financing payments are not subject to the interest penalty provisions of the Prompt Payment Act. Interim payments made prior to the final payment under the contract are contract financing payments, except interim payments if this contract contains Alternate I to the clause at 52.232-25.

(3) The designated payment office will make interim payments for contract financing on the <u>**30th**</u> [Buyer's Representative insert day as prescribed by agency head; if not prescribed, insert "30th"] day after the designated billing office receives a proper payment request. In the event that the Government and Buyer require an audit or other review of a specific payment request to ensure compliance with the terms and conditions of the contract, the designated payment office is not compelled to make payment by the specified due date.

(b) Reimbursing costs.

(1) For the purpose of reimbursing allowable costs (except as provided in paragraph (b)(2) of this clause, with respect to pension, deferred profit sharing, and employee stock ownership plan contributions), the term "costs" includes only—

(i) Those recorded costs that, at the time of the request for reimbursement, the Contractor has paid by cash, check, or other form of actual payment for items or services purchased directly for the contract;

(ii) When the Contractor is not delinquent in paying costs of contract performance in the ordinary course of business, costs incurred, but not necessarily paid, for—

(A) Supplies and services purchased directly for the contract and associated financing payments to subcontractors, provided payments determined due will be made—

(1) In accordance with the terms and conditions of a subcontract or invoice; and

(2) Ordinarily within 30 days of the submission of the Contractor's payment request to the Buyer;

(B) Materials issued from the Contractor's inventory and placed in the production process for use on the contract;

(C) Direct labor;

(D) Direct travel;

(E) Other direct in-house costs; and

(F) Properly allocable and allowable indirect costs, as shown in the records maintained by the Contractor for purposes of obtaining reimbursement under Buyer contracts; and



(iii) The amount of financing payments that have been paid by cash, check, or other forms of payment to subcontractors.

(2) Accrued costs of Contractor contributions under employee pension plans shall be excluded until actually paid unless—

(i) The Contractor's practice is to make contributions to the retirement fund quarterly or more frequently; and

(ii) The contribution does not remain unpaid 30 days after the end of the applicable quarter or shorter payment period (any contribution remaining unpaid shall be excluded from the Contractor's indirect costs for payment purposes).

(3) Notwithstanding the audit and adjustment of invoices or vouchers under paragraph (g) of this clause, allowable indirect costs under this contract shall be obtained by applying indirect cost rates established in accordance with paragraph (d) of this clause.

(4) Any statements in specifications or other documents incorporated in this contract by reference designating performance of services or furnishing of materials at the Contractor's expense or at no cost to the Buyer shall be disregarded for purposes of cost-reimbursement under this clause.

(c) Small business concerns. A small business concern may receive more frequent payments than every 2 weeks.

(d) Final indirect cost rates.

(1) Final annual indirect cost rates and the appropriate bases shall be established in accordance with Subpart 42.7 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) in effect for the period covered by the indirect cost rate proposal.

(2)(i) The Contractor shall submit an adequate final indirect cost rate proposal to the Buyer's Representative (or cognizant Federal agency official) and auditor within the 6-month period following the expiration of each of its fiscal years. Reasonable extensions, for exceptional circumstances only, may be requested in writing by the Contractor and granted in writing by the Buyer's Representative. The Contractor shall support its proposal with adequate supporting data.

(ii) The proposed rates shall be based on the Contractor's actual cost experience for that period. The appropriate Buyer representative and the Contractor shall establish the final indirect cost rates as promptly as practical after receipt of the Contractor's proposal.

(iii) An adequate indirect cost rate proposal shall include the following data unless otherwise specified by the cognizant Federal agency official:

(A) Summary of all claimed indirect expense rates, including pool, base, and calculated indirect rate.

(B) *General and Administrative expenses (final indirect cost pool)*. Schedule of claimed expenses by element of cost as identified in accounting records (Chart of Accounts).



(C) Overhead expenses (final indirect cost pool). Schedule of claimed expenses by element of cost as identified in accounting records (Chart of Accounts) for each final indirect cost pool.

(D) Occupancy expenses (intermediate indirect cost pool). Schedule of claimed expenses by element of cost as identified in accounting records (Chart of Accounts) and expense reallocation to final indirect cost pools.

(E) Claimed allocation bases, by element of cost, used to distribute indirect costs.

(F) Facilities capital cost of money factors computation.

(G) Reconciliation of books of account (*i.e.*, General Ledger) and claimed direct costs by major cost element.

(H) Schedule of direct costs by contract and subcontract and indirect expense applied at claimed rates, as well as a subsidiary schedule of Buyer participation percentages in each of the allocation base amounts.

(I) Schedule of cumulative direct and indirect costs claimed and billed by contract and subcontract.

(J) Subcontract information. Listing of subcontracts awarded to companies for which the contractor is the prime or upper-tier contractor (include prime and subcontract numbers; subcontract value and award type; amount claimed during the fiscal year; and the subcontractor name, address, and point of contact information).

(K) Summary of each time-and-materials and labor-hour contract information, including labor categories, labor rates, hours, and amounts; direct materials; other direct costs; and, indirect expense applied at claimed rates.

(L) Reconciliation of total payroll per IRS form 941 to total labor costs distribution.

(M) Listing of decisions/agreements/approvals and description of accounting/organizational changes.

(N) Certificate of final indirect costs (see <u>52.242-4</u>, Certification of Final Indirect Costs).

(O) Contract closing information for contracts physically completed in this fiscal year (include contract number, period of performance, contract ceiling amounts, contract fee computations, level of effort, and indicate if the contract is ready to close).

(iv) The following supplemental information is not required to determine if a proposal is adequate, but may be required during the audit process:

(A) Comparative analysis of indirect expense pools detailed by account to prior fiscal year and budgetary data.

(B) General organizational information and limitation on allowability of compensation for certain contractor personnel. See 31.205-6(p). Additional salary reference information is available at https://www.whitehouse.gov/wp-

content/uploads/2017/11/ContractorCompensationCapContractsAwardedBeforeJune24.pdf and https://ww



w.whitehouse.gov/wpcontent/uploads/2017/11/ContractorCompensationCapContractsAwardedafterJune24.pdf.

(C) Identification of prime contracts under which the contractor performs as a subcontractor.

(D) Description of accounting system (excludes contractors required to submit a CAS Disclosure Statement or contractors where the description of the accounting system has not changed from the previous year's submission).

(E) Procedures for identifying and excluding unallowable costs from the costs claimed and billed (excludes contractors where the procedures have not changed from the previous year's submission).

(F) Certified financial statements and other financial data (e.g., trial balance, compilation, review, etc.).

(G) Management letter from outside CPAs concerning any internal control weaknesses.

(H) Actions that have been and/or will be implemented to correct the weaknesses described in the management letter from subparagraph (G) of this section.

(I) List of all internal audit reports issued since the last disclosure of internal audit reports to the Buyer.

(J) Annual internal audit plan of scheduled audits to be performed in the fiscal year when the final indirect cost rate submission is made.

(K) Federal and State income tax returns.

(L) Securities and Exchange Commission 10-K annual report.

(M) Minutes from board of directors meetings.

(N) Listing of delay claims and termination claims submitted which contain costs relating to the subject fiscal year.

(O) Contract briefings, which generally include a synopsis of all pertinent contract provisions, such as: contract type, contract amount, product or service(s) to be provided, contract performance period, rate ceilings, advance approval requirements, pre-contract cost allowability limitations, and billing limitations.

(v) The Contractor shall update the billings on all contracts to reflect the final settled rates and update the schedule of cumulative direct and indirect costs claimed and billed, as required in paragraph (d)(2)(iii)(I) of this section, within 60 days after settlement of final indirect cost rates.

(3) The Contractor and the appropriate Buyer representative shall execute a written understanding setting forth the final indirect cost rates. The understanding shall specify (i) the agreed-upon final annual indirect cost rates, (ii) the bases to which the rates apply, (iii) the periods for which the rates apply, (iv) any specific indirect cost items treated as direct costs in the settlement, and (v) the affected contract and/or subcontract, identifying any with advance agreements or special terms and the applicable rates. The understanding shall



not change any monetary ceiling, contract obligation, or specific cost allowance or disallowance provided for in this contract. The understanding is incorporated into this contract upon execution.

(4) Failure by the parties to agree on a final annual indirect cost rate shall be a dispute within the meaning of the Disputes clause.

(5) Within 120 days (or longer period if approved in writing by the Buyer's Representative) after settlement of the final annual indirect cost rates for all years of a physically complete contract, the Contractor shall submit a completion invoice or voucher to reflect the settled amounts and rates. The completion invoice or voucher shall include settled subcontract amounts and rates. The prime contractor is responsible for settling subcontractor amounts and rates included in the completion invoice or voucher and providing status of subcontractor audits to the Buyer's Representative upon request.

(6)(i) If the Contractor fails to submit a completion invoice or voucher within the time specified in paragraph (d)(5) of this clause, the Buyer's Representative may—

(A) Determine the amounts due to the Contractor under the contract; and

(B) Record this determination in a unilateral modification to the contract.

(ii) This determination constitutes the final decision of the Buyer's Representative in accordance with the Disputes clause.

(e) Billing rates. Until final annual indirect cost rates are established for any period, the Buyer shall reimburse the Contractor at billing rates established by the Buyer's Representative or by an authorized representative (the cognizant auditor), subject to adjustment when the final rates are established. These billing rates—

(1) Shall be the anticipated final rates; and

(2) May be prospectively or retroactively revised by mutual agreement, at either party's request, to prevent substantial overpayment or underpayment.

(f) Quick-closeout procedures. Quick-closeout procedures are applicable when the conditions in FAR 42.708(a) are satisfied.

(g) Audit. At any time or times before final payment, the Contracting Officerr or Buyer's Representative may have the Contractor's invoices or vouchers and statements of cost audited. Any payment may be—

(1) Reduced by amounts found by the Buyer's Representative not to constitute allowable costs; or

(2) Adjusted for prior overpayments or underpayments.

(h) Final payment.

(1) Upon approval of a completion invoice or voucher submitted by the Contractor in accordance with paragraph (d)(5) of this clause, and upon the Contractor's compliance with all terms of this contract, the Buyer shall promptly pay any balance of allowable costs and that part of the fee (if any) not previously paid.



(2) The Contractor shall pay to the Buyer any refunds, rebates, credits, or other amounts (including interest, if any) accruing to or received by the Contractor or any assignee under this contract, to the extent that those amounts are properly allocable to costs for which the Contractor has been reimbursed by the Buyer. Reasonable expenses incurred by the Contractor for securing refunds, rebates, credits, or other amounts shall be allowable costs if approved by the Buyer's Representative. Before final payment under this contract, the Contractor and each assignee whose assignment is in effect at the time of final payment shall execute and deliver—

(i) An assignment to the Buyer, in form and substance satisfactory to the Buyer's Representative, of refunds, rebates, credits, or other amounts (including interest, if any) properly allocable to costs for which the Contractor has been reimbursed by the Buyer under this contract; and

(ii) A release discharging the Buyer, its officers, agents, and employees from all liabilities, obligations, and claims arising out of or under this contract, except—

(A) Specified claims stated in exact amounts, or in estimated amounts when the exact amounts are not known;

(B) Claims (including reasonable incidental expenses) based upon liabilities of the Contractor to third parties arising out of the performance of this contract; provided, that the claims are not known to the Contractor on the date of the execution of the release, and that the Contractor gives notice of the claims in writing to the Buyer's Representative within <u>5 years, 9 months</u> following the release date or notice of final payment date, whichever is earlier; and

(C) Claims for reimbursement of costs, including reasonable incidental expenses, incurred by the Contractor under the patent clauses of this contract, excluding, however, any expenses arising from the Contractor's indemnification of the Buyer against patent liability.

(End of clause)

52.222-35 EQUAL OPPORTUNITY FOR VETERANS (JUN 2020) ALTERNATE I (JUL 2014)

(Applicable to all Purchase Orders, including for Commercial Items pursuant to 52.244-6 of \$150,000 or more. Foreign Sellers: Applicable to Purchase Orders except when work is performed outside the United States by employees recruited outside the United States. Applies to Commercial and Non-Commercial procurements).

Notice: The following term(s) of this clause are waived for this contract: _____ [List term(s)].

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause-

"Active duty wartime or campaign badge veteran," "Armed Forces service medal veteran," "disabled veteran," "protected veteran," "qualified disabled veteran," and "recently separated veteran" have the meanings given at Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR) 22.1301.

(b) Equal opportunity clause. The Contractor shall abide by the requirements of the equal opportunity clause at 41 CFR 60-300.5(a), as of March 24, 2014. This clause prohibits discrimination against qualified





protected veterans, and requires affirmative action by the Contractor to employ and advance in employment qualified protected veterans.

(c) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall insert the terms of this clause in subcontracts valued at or above the threshold specified in FAR 22.1303(a) on the date of subcontract award, unless exempted by rules, regulations, or orders of the Secretary of Labor. The Contractor shall act as specified by the Director, Office of Federal Contract Compliance Programs, to enforce the terms, including action for noncompliance. Such necessary changes in language may be made as shall be appropriate to identify properly the parties and their undertakings.

(End of clause)

52.222-50 COMBATING TRAFFICKING IN PERSONS (OCT 2020) ALTERNATE I (MAR 2015)

(Applicable to all Purchase Orders, including for Commercial Items pursuant to 52.244-6, except that the requirements in paragraph (h) of the clause apply only to (i) supplies that are other than commercially available off-the-shelf items that are acquired outside the United States, or for services to be performed outside the United States, and (ii) that exceed \$550,000 in value. Applies to Commercial and Non-Commercial procurements.)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause

Agent means any individual, including a director, an officer, an employee, or an independent contractor, authorized to act on behalf of the organization.

Coercion means-

(1) Threats of serious harm to or physical restraint against any person;

(2) Any scheme, plan, or pattern intended to cause a person to believe that failure to perform an act would result in serious harm to or physical restraint against any person; or

(3) The abuse or threatened abuse of the legal process.

Commercial sex act means any sex act on account of which anything of value is given to or received by any person.

(1) Any item of supply (including construction material) that is-

(i) A commercial item (as defined in paragraph (1) of the definition at FAR 2.101);

(ii) Sold in substantial quantities in the commercial marketplace; and

(iii) Offered to the Government, under a contract or subcontract at any tier, without modification, in the same form in which it is sold in the commercial marketplace; and

(2) Does not include bulk cargo, as defined in 46 U.S.C. 40102(4), such as agricultural products and petroleum products.

"Commercially available off-the-shelf (COTS) item" means-

Debt bondage means the status or condition of a debtor arising from a pledge by the debtor of his or her personal services or of those of a person under his or her control as a security for debt, if the value of those services as reasonably assessed is not applied toward the liquidation of the debt or the length and nature of those services are not respectively limited and defined.



Employee means an employee of the Contractor directly engaged in the performance of work under the contract who has other than a minimal impact or involvement in contract performance.

Forced labor means knowingly providing or obtaining the labor or services of a person-

(1) By threats of serious harm to, or physical restraint against, that person or another person;

(2) By means of any scheme, plan, or pattern intended to cause the person to believe that, if the person did not perform such labor or services, that person or another person would suffer serious harm or physical restraint; or

(3) By means of the abuse or threatened abuse of law or the legal process.

Involuntary servitude includes a condition of servitude induced by means of-

(1) Any scheme, plan, or pattern intended to cause a person to believe that, if the person did not enter into or continue in such conditions, that person or another person would suffer serious harm or physical restraint; or

(2) The abuse or threatened abuse of the legal process.

Recruitment fees means fees of any type, including charges, costs, assessments, or other financial obligations, that are associated with the recruiting process, regardless of the time, manner, or location of imposition or collection of the fee.

(1) Recruitment fees include, but are not limited to, the following fees (when they are associated with the recruiting process) for-

(i) Soliciting, identifying, considering, interviewing, referring, retaining, transferring, selecting, training, providing orientation to, skills testing, recommending, or placing employees or potential employees;

(ii) Advertising

(iii) Obtaining permanent or temporary labor certification, including any associated fees;

(iv) Processing applications and petitions;

(v) Acquiring visas, including any associated fees;

(vi) Acquiring photographs and identity or immigration documents, such as passports, including any associated fees;

(vii) Accessing the job opportunity, including required medical examinations and immunizations; background, reference, and security clearance checks and examinations; and additional certifications;

(viii) An employer's recruiters, agents or attorneys, or other notary or legal fees;

(ix) Language interpretation or translation, arranging for or accompanying on travel, or providing other advice to employees or potential employees;

(x) Government-mandated fees, such as border crossing fees, levies, or worker welfare funds;

(xi) Transportation and subsistence costs-



(A) While in transit, including, but not limited to, airfare or costs of other modes of transportation, terminal fees, and travel taxes associated with travel from the country of origin to the country of performance and the return journey upon the end of employment; and

(B) From the airport or disembarkation point to the worksite;

- (xii) Security deposits, bonds, and insurance; and
- (xiii) Equipment charges.

(2) A recruitment fee, as described in the introductory text of this definition, is a recruitment fee, regardless of whether the payment is-

- (i) Paid in property or money;
- (ii) Deducted from wages;
- (iii) Paid back in wage or benefit concessions;
- (iv) Paid back as a kickback, bribe, in-kind payment, free labor, tip, or tribute; or
- (v) Collected by an employer or a third party, whether licensed or unlicensed, including, but not limited to-
- (A) Agents;
- (B) Labor brokers;
- (C) Recruiters;
- (D) Staffing firms (including private employment and placement firms);
- (E) Subsidiaries/affiliates of the employer;
- (F) Any agent or employee of such entities; and
- (G) Subcontractors at all tiers.

Severe forms of trafficking in persons means-

(1) Sex trafficking in which a commercial sex act is induced by force, fraud, or coercion, or in which the person induced to perform such act has not attained 18 years of age; or

(2) The recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining of a person for labor or services, through the use of force, fraud, or coercion for the purpose of subjection to involuntary servitude, peonage, debt bondage, or slavery.

"Sex trafficking" means the recruitment, harboring, transportation, provision, or obtaining of a person for the purpose of a commercial sex act.

Subcontract means any contract entered into by a subcontractor to furnish supplies or services for performance of a prime contract or a subcontract.

Subcontractor means any supplier, distributor, vendor, or firm that furnishes supplies or services to or for a prime contractor or another subcontractor.

United States means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and outlying areas.



(b) Policy. The United States Government has adopted a policy prohibiting trafficking in persons including the trafficking-related activities of this clause. Contractors, contractor employees, and their agents shall not-

(1) Engage in severe forms of trafficking in persons during the period of performance of the contract;

(2) Procure commercial sex acts during the period of performance of the contract;

(3) Use forced labor in the performance of the contract;

(4) Destroy, conceal, confiscate, or otherwise deny access by an employee to the employee's identity or immigration documents, such as passports or drivers' licenses, regardless of issuing authority;

(5) (i) Use misleading or fraudulent practices during the recruitment of employees or offering of employment, such as failing to disclose, in a format and language understood by the employee or potential employee, basic information or making material misrepresentations during the recruitment of employees regarding the key terms and conditions of employment, including wages and fringe benefits, the location of work, the living conditions, housing and associated costs (if employer or agent provided or arranged), any significant costs to be charged to the employee or potential employee, and, if applicable, the hazardous nature of the work;

(ii) Use recruiters that do not comply with local labor laws of the country in which the recruiting takes place;

(6) Charge employees or potential employees recruitment fees;

(7) (i) Fail to provide return transportation or pay for the cost of return transportation upon the end of employment-

(A) For an employee who is not a national of the country in which the work is taking place and who was brought into that country for the purpose of working on a U.S. Government contract or subcontract (for portions of contracts performed outside the United States); or

(B) For an employee who is not a United States national and who was brought into the United States for the purpose of working on a U.S. Government contract or subcontract, if the payment of such costs is required under existing temporary worker programs or pursuant to a written agreement with the employee (for portions of contracts performed inside the United States); except that-

(ii) The requirements of paragraphs (b)(7)(i) of this clause shall not apply to an employee who is-

(A) Legally permitted to remain in the country of employment and who chooses to do so; or

(B) Exempted by an authorized official of the contracting agency from the requirement to provide return transportation or pay for the cost of return transportation;

(iii) The requirements of paragraph (b)(7)(i) of this clause are modified for a victim of trafficking in persons who is seeking victim services or legal redress in the country of employment, or for a witness in an enforcement action related to trafficking in persons. The contractor shall provide the return transportation or pay the cost of return transportation in a way that does not obstruct the victim services, legal redress, or witness activity. For example, the contractor shall not only offer return transportation to a witness at a time when the witness is still needed to testify. This paragraph does not apply when the exemptions at paragraph (b)(7)(ii) of this clause apply.

(8) Provide or arrange housing that fails to meet the host country housing and safety standards; or



(9) If required by law or contract, fail to provide an employment contract, recruitment agreement, or other required work document in writing. Such written work document shall be in a language the employee understands. If the employee must relocate to perform the work, the work document shall be provided to the employee at least five days prior to the employee relocating. The employee's work document shall include, but is not limited to, details about work description, wages, prohibition on charging recruitment fees, work location(s), living accommodations and associated costs, time off, roundtrip transportation arrangements, grievance process, and the content of applicable laws and regulations that prohibit trafficking in persons.

(c) Contractor requirements. The Contractor shall-

(1) Notify its employees and agents of-

(i)(A) The United States Government's policy prohibiting trafficking in persons described in paragraph (b) of this clause; and

(B) The following directive(s) or notice(s) applicable to employees performing work at the contract place(s) of performance as indicated below:

Document Title Document may be obtained from: Applies to performance in/at:

[Contracting Officer shall insert title of directive/notice; indicate the document is attached or provide source (such as website link) for obtaining document; and, indicate the contract performance location outside the United States. to which the document applies.]

(ii) The actions that will be taken against employees or agents for violations of this policy. Such actions for employees may include, but are not limited to, removal from the contract, reduction in benefits, or termination of employment; and

(2) Take appropriate action, up to and including termination, against employees, agents, or subcontractors that violate the policy in paragraph (b) of this clause.

(d) Notification.

(1) The Contractor shall inform the Contracting Officer and the agency Inspector General immediately of-

(i) Any credible information it receives from any source (including host country law enforcement) that alleges a Contractor employee, subcontractor, subcontractor employee, or their agent has engaged in conduct that violates the policy in paragraph (b) of this clause (see also 18 U.S.C. 1351, Fraud in Foreign Labor Contracting, and 52.203-13(b)(3)(i)(A), if that clause is included in the solicitation or contract, which requires disclosure to the agency Office of the Inspector General when the Contractor has credible evidence of fraud); and

(ii) Any actions taken against a Contractor employee, subcontractor, subcontractor employee, or their agent pursuant to this clause.

(2) If the allegation may be associated with more than one contract, the Contractor shall inform the contracting officer for the contract with the highest dollar value.



(e) Remedies. In addition to other remedies available to the Government, the Contractor's failure to comply with the requirements of paragraphs (c), (d), (g), (h), or (i) of this clause may result in-

(1) Requiring the Contractor to remove a Contractor employee or employees from the performance of the contract;

(2) Requiring the Contractor to terminate a subcontract;

(3) Suspension of contract payments until the Contractor has taken appropriate remedial action;

(4) Loss of award fee, consistent with the award fee plan, for the performance period in which the Government determined Contractor non-compliance;

(5) Declining to exercise available options under the contract;

(6) Termination of the contract for default or cause, in accordance with the termination clause of this contract; or

(7) Suspension or debarment.

(f) Mitigating and aggravating factors. When determining remedies, the Contracting Officer may consider the following:

(1) Mitigating factors. The Contractor had a Trafficking in Persons compliance plan or an awareness program at the time of the violation, was in compliance with the plan, and has taken appropriate remedial actions for the violation, that may include reparation to victims for such violations.

(2) Aggravating factors. The Contractor failed to abate an alleged violation or enforce the requirements of a compliance plan, when directed by the Contracting Officer to do so.

(g) Full cooperation.

(1) The Contractor shall, at a minimum-

(i) Disclose to the agency Inspector General information sufficient to identify the nature and extent of an offense and the individuals responsible for the conduct;

(ii) Provide timely and complete responses to Government auditors' and investigators' requests for documents;

(iii) Cooperate fully in providing reasonable access to its facilities and staff (both inside and outside the U.S.) to allow contracting agencies and other responsible Federal agencies to conduct audits, investigations, or other actions to ascertain compliance with the Trafficking Victims Protection Act of 2000 (22 U.S.C. chapter 78), E.O. 13627, or any other applicable law or regulation establishing restrictions on trafficking in persons, the procurement of commercial sex acts, or the use of forced labor; and

(iv) Protect all employees suspected of being victims of or witnesses to prohibited activities, prior to returning to the country from which the employee was recruited, and shall not prevent or hinder the ability of these employees from cooperating fully with Government authorities.

(2) The requirement for full cooperation does not foreclose any Contractor rights arising in law, the FAR, or the terms of the contract. It does not-

(i) Require the Contractor to waive its attorney-client privilege or the protections afforded by the attorney work product doctrine;



(ii) Require any officer, director, owner, employee, or agent of the Contractor, including a sole proprietor, to waive his or her attorney client privilege or Fifth Amendment rights; or

(iii) Restrict the Contractor from-

(A) Conducting an internal investigation; or

(B) Defending a proceeding or dispute arising under the contract or related to a potential or disclosed violation.

(h) Compliance plan.

(1) This paragraph (h) applies to any portion of the contract that-

(i) Is for supplies, other than commercially available off-the-shelf items, acquired outside the United States, or services to be performed outside the United States; and

(ii) Has an estimated value that exceeds \$550,000.

(2) The Contractor shall maintain a compliance plan during the performance of the contract that is appropriate-

(i) To the size and complexity of the contract; and

(ii) To the nature and scope of the activities to be performed for the Government, including the number of non-United States citizens expected to be employed and the risk that the contract or subcontract will involve services or supplies susceptible to trafficking in persons.

(3) Minimum requirements. The compliance plan must include at a minimum the following:

(i) An awareness program to inform contractor employees about the Government's policy prohibiting trafficking-related activities described in paragraph (b) of this clause, the activities prohibited, and the actions that will be taken against the employee for violations. Additional information about Trafficking in Persons and examples of awareness programs can be found at the website for the Department of State's Office to Monitor and Combat Trafficking in Persons at http://www.state.gov/j/tip/.

(ii) A process for employees to report, without fear of retaliation, activity inconsistent with the policy prohibiting trafficking in persons, including a means to make available to all employees the hotline phone number of the Global Human Trafficking Hotline at 1-844-888-FREE and its email address at help@befree.org.

(iii) A recruitment and wage plan that only permits the use of recruitment companies with trained employees, prohibits charging recruitment fees to the employees or potential employees and ensures that wages meet applicable host-country legal requirements or explains any variance.

(iv) A housing plan, if the Contractor or subcontractor intends to provide or arrange housing, that ensures that the housing meets host country housing and safety standards.

(v) Procedures to prevent agents and subcontractors at any tier and at any dollar value from engaging in trafficking in persons (including activities in paragraph (b) of this clause) and to monitor, detect, and terminate any agents, subcontracts, or subcontractor employees that have engaged in such activities. (

4) Posting.



(i) The Contractor shall post the relevant contents of the compliance plan, no later than the initiation of contract performance, at the workplace (unless the work is to be performed in the field or not in a fixed location) and on the Contractor's Web site (if one is maintained). If posting at the workplace or on the Web site is impracticable, the Contractor shall provide the relevant contents of the compliance plan to each worker in writing.

(ii) The Contractor shall provide the compliance plan to the Contracting Officer upon request.

(5) Certification. Annually after receiving an award, the Contractor shall submit a certification to the Contracting Officer that-

(i) It has implemented a compliance plan to prevent any prohibited activities identified at paragraph (b) of this clause and to monitor, detect, and terminate any agent, subcontract or subcontractor employee engaging in prohibited activities; and

(ii) After having conducted due diligence, either-

(A) To the best of the Contractor's knowledge and belief, neither it nor any of its agents, subcontractors, or their agents is engaged in any such activities; or

(B) If abuses relating to any of the prohibited activities identified in paragraph (b) of this clause have been found, the Contractor or subcontractor has taken the appropriate remedial and referral actions.

(i) Subcontracts.

(1) The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph

(i), in all subcontracts and in all contracts with agents. The requirements in paragraph (h) of this clause apply only to any portion of the subcontract that-

(i) Is for supplies, other than commercially available off-the-shelf items, acquired outside the United States, or services to be performed outside the United States; and

(ii) Has an estimated value that exceeds \$550,000.

(2) If any subcontractor is required by this clause to submit a certification, the Contractor shall require submission prior to the award of the subcontract and annually thereafter. The certification shall cover the items in paragraph (h)(5) of this clause.

(End of clause)

52.223-7 NOTICE OF RADIOACTIVE MATERIALS (JAN 1997)

(Applicable to all Purchase Orders. Seller shall notify Buyer if any goods under this Purchase Order contain any of the material as described in the clause. Applies to Commercial and Non-Commercial procurements.)

(a) The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer or designee, in writing, <u>60</u> days prior to the delivery of, or prior to completion of any servicing required by this contract of, items containing either (1) radioactive material requiring specific licensing under the regulations issued pursuant to the Atomic Energy Act of1954, as amended, as set forth in Title 10 of the *Code of Federal Regulations*, in effect on the date of this contract, or (2) other radioactive material not requiring specific licensing in which the specific activity is greater than 0.002 microcuries per gram or the activity per item equals or exceeds 0.01 microcuries. Such notice shall specify the part or parts of the items which contain radioactive materials, a description of the materials, the



name and activity of the isotope, the manufacturer of the materials, and any other information known to the Contractor which will put users of the items on notice as to the hazards involved (OMB No.9000-0107).

* The Contracting Officer shall insert the number of days required in advance of delivery of the item or completion of the servicing to assure that required licenses are obtained and appropriate personnel are notified to institute any necessary safety and health precautions. See FAR <u>23.601(d)</u>.

(b) If there has been no change affecting the quantity of activity, or the characteristics and composition of the radioactive material from deliveries under this contract or prior contracts, the Contractor may request that the Contracting Officer or designee waive the notice requirement in paragraph (a) of this clause. Any such request shall-

(1) Be submitted in writing;

(2) State that the quantity of activity, characteristics, and composition of the radioactive material have not changed; and

(3) Cite the contract number on which the prior notification was submitted and the contracting office to which it was submitted.

(c) All items, parts, or subassemblies which contain radioactive materials in which the specific activity is greater than 0.002 microcuries per gram or activity per item equals or exceeds 0.01 microcuries, and all containers in which such items, parts or subassemblies are delivered to the Government shall be clearly marked and labeled as required by the latest revision of MIL-STD 129 in effect on the date of the contract.

(d) This clause, including this paragraph (d), shall be inserted in all subcontracts for radioactive materials meeting the criteria in paragraph (a) of this clause.

(End of clause)

52.244-2 SUBCONTRACTS (JUN 2020)

(Paragraphs (g) and (h) of the clause are applicable to all Purchase Orders. Applies to Commercial and Non-Commercial procurements).

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause-

"Approved purchasing system" means a Contractor's purchasing system that has been reviewed and approved in accordance with part 44 of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR).

"Consent to subcontract" means the Contracting Officer's written consent for the Contractor to enter into a particular subcontract.

Subcontract means any contract, as defined in FAR subpart 2.1, entered into by a subcontractor to furnish supplies or services for performance of the prime contract or a subcontract. It includes, but is not limited to, purchase orders, and changes and modifications to purchase orders.

(b) When this clause is included in a fixed-price type contract, consent to subcontract is required only on unpriced contract actions (including unpriced modifications or unpriced delivery orders), and only if required in accordance with paragraph (c) or (d) of this clause.



(c) If the Contractor does not have an approved purchasing system, consent to subcontract is required for any subcontract that-

(1) Is of the cost-reimbursement, time-and-materials, or labor-hour type; or

(2) Is fixed-price and exceeds-

(i) For a contract awarded by the Department of Defense, the Coast Guard, or the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, the greater of the simplified acquisition threshold, as defined in FAR 2.101 on the date of subcontract award, or 5 percent of the total estimated cost of the contract; or

(ii) For a contract awarded by a civilian agency other than the Coast Guard and the National Aeronautics and Space Administration, either the simplified acquisition threshold, as defined in FAR 2.101 on the date of subcontract award, or 5 percent of the total estimated cost of the contract.

(d) If the Contractor has an approved purchasing system, the Contractor nevertheless shall obtain the Contracting Officer's written consent before placing the following subcontracts:

(e) (1) The Contractor shall notify the Contracting Officer reasonably in advance of placing any subcontract or modification thereof for which consent is required under paragraph (b), (c), or (d) of this clause, including the following information:

(i) A description of the supplies or services to be subcontracted.

(ii) Identification of the type of subcontract to be used.

(iii) Identification of the proposed subcontractor.

(iv) The proposed subcontract price.

(v) The subcontractor's current, complete, and accurate certified cost or pricing data and Certificate of Current Cost or Pricing Data, if required by other contract provisions.

(vi) The subcontractor's Disclosure Statement or Certificate relating to Cost Accounting Standards when such data are required by other provisions of this contract.

(vii) A negotiation memorandum reflecting-

(A) The principal elements of the subcontract price negotiations;

(B) The most significant considerations controlling establishment of initial or revised prices;

(C) The reason certified cost or pricing data were or were not required;

(D) The extent, if any, to which the Contractor did not rely on the subcontractor's certified cost or pricing data in determining the price objective and in negotiating the final price;

(E) The extent to which it was recognized in the negotiation that the subcontractor's certified cost or pricing data were not accurate, complete, or current; the action taken by the Contractor and the subcontractor; and the effect of any such defective data on the total price negotiated;

(F) The reasons for any significant difference between the Contractor's price objective and the price negotiated; and



(G) A complete explanation of the incentive fee or profit plan when incentives are used. The explanation shall identify each critical performance element, management decisions used to quantify each incentive element, reasons for the incentives, and a summary of all trade-off possibilities considered.

(2) The Contractor is not required to notify the Contracting Officer in advance of entering into any subcontract for which consent is not required under paragraph (b), (c), or (d) of this clause.

(f) Unless the consent or approval specifically provides otherwise, neither consent by the Contracting Officer to any subcontract nor approval of the Contractor's purchasing system shall constitute a determination-

(1) Of the acceptability of any subcontract terms or conditions;

(2) Of the allowability of any cost under this contract; or

(3) To relieve the Contractor of any responsibility for performing this contract.

(g) No subcontract or modification thereof placed under this contract shall provide for payment on a costplus-a-percentage-of-cost basis, and any fee payable under cost-reimbursement type subcontracts shall not exceed the fee limitations in FAR 15.404-4(c)(4)(i).

(h) The Contractor shall give the Contracting Officer immediate written notice of any action or suit filed and prompt notice of any claim made against the Contractor by any subcontractor or vendor that, in the opinion of the Contractor, may result in litigation related in any way to this contract, with respect to which the Contractor may be entitled to reimbursement from the Government.

(i) The Government reserves the right to review the Contractor's purchasing system as set forth in FAR subpart 44.3.

(j) Paragraphs (c) and (e) of this clause do not apply to the following subcontracts, which were evaluated during negotiations:

(End of clause)

52.248-1 VALUE ENGINEERING (JUN 2020)

(Applicable to Purchase Orders at or above the simplified acquisition threshold. Applies to Commercial and Non-Commercial procurements).

(a) *General*. The Contractor is encouraged to develop, prepare, and submit value engineering change proposals (VECP's) voluntarily. The Contractor shall share in any net acquisition savings realized from accepted VECP's, in accordance with the incentive sharing rates in paragraph (f) of this clause.

(b) Definitions.

Acquisition savings, as used in this clause, means savings resulting from the application of a VECP to contracts awarded by the same contracting office or its successor for essentially the same unit. Acquisition savings include-



(1) Instant contract savings, which are the net cost reductions on this, the instant contract, and which are equal to the instant unit cost reduction multiplied by the number of instant contract units affected by the VECP, less the Contractor's allowable development and implementation costs;

(2) Concurrent contract savings, which are net reductions in the prices of other contracts that are definitized and ongoing at the time the VECP is accepted; and

(3) Future contract savings, which are the product of the future unit cost reduction multiplied by the number of future contract units in the sharing base. On an instant contract, future contract savings include savings on increases in quantities after VECP acceptance that are due to contract modifications, exercise of options, additional orders, and funding of subsequent year requirements on a multiyear contract.

Collateral savings, as used in this clause, means those measurable net reductions resulting from a VECP in the agency's overall projected collateral costs, exclusive of acquisition savings, whether or not the acquisition cost changes.

Contracting office includes any contracting office that the acquisition is transferred to, such as another branch of the agency or another agency's office that is performing a joint acquisition action.

Contractor's development and implementation costs, as used in this clause, means those costs the Contractor incurs on a VECP specifically in developing, testing, preparing, and submitting the VECP, as well as those costs the Contractor incurs to make the contractual changes required by Government acceptance of a VECP.

Future unit cost reduction, as used in this clause, means the instant unit cost reduction adjusted as the Contracting Officer considers necessary for projected learning or changes in quantity during the sharing period. It is calculated at the time the VECP is accepted and applies either-

(1) Throughout the sharing period, unless the Contracting Officer decides that recalculation is necessary because conditions are significantly different from those previously anticipated; or

(2) To the calculation of a lump-sum payment, which cannot later be revised.

Government costs, as used in this clause, means those agency costs that result directly from developing and implementing the VECP, such as any net increases in the cost of testing, operations, maintenance, and logistics support. The term does not include the normal administrative costs of processing the VECP or any increase in this contract's cost or price resulting from negative instant contract savings.

Instant contract, as used in this clause, means this contract, under which the VECP is submitted. It does not include increases in quantities after acceptance of the VECP that are due to contract modifications, exercise of options, or additional orders. If this is a multiyear contract, the term does not include quantities funded after VECP acceptance. If this contract is a fixed-price contract with prospective price redetermination, the term refers to the period for which firm prices have been established.

Instant unit cost reduction means the amount of the decrease in unit cost of performance (without deducting any Contractor's development or implementation costs) resulting from using the VECP on this, the instant contract. If this is a service contract, the instant unit cost reduction is normally equal to the number of hours per line-item task saved by using the VECP on this contract, multiplied by the appropriate contract labor rate.



Negative instant contract savings means the increase in the cost or price of this contract when the accceptance of a VECP results in an excess of the Contractor's allowable development and implementation costs over the product of the instant unit cost reduction multiplied by the number of instant contract units affected.

Net acquisition savings means total acquisition savings, including instant, concurrent, and future contract savings, less Government costs.

Sharing base, as used in this clause, means the number of affected end items on contracts of the contracting office accepting the VECP.

Sharing period, as used in this clause, means the period beginning with acceptance of the first unit incorporating the VECP and ending at a calendar date or event determined by the contracting officer for each VECP.

Unit, as used in this clause, means the item or task to which the Contracting Officer and the Contractor agree the VECP applies.

Value engineering change proposal (VECP) means a proposal that-

(1) Requires a change to this, the instant contract, to implement; and

(2) Results in reducing the overall projected cost to the agency without impairing essential functions or characteristics; *provided*, that it does not involve a change-

(i) In deliverable end item quantities only;

(ii) In research and development (R&D) end items or R&D test quantities that is due solely to results of previous testing under this contract; or

(iii) To the contract type only.

(c) VECP preparation. As a minimum, the Contractor shall include in each VECP the information described in paragraphs (c)(1) through (8) of this clause. If the proposed change is affected by contractually required configuration management or similar procedures, the instructions in those procedures relating to format, identification, and priority assignment shall govern VECP preparation. The VECP shall include the following:

(1) A description of the difference between the existing contract requirement and the proposed requirement, the comparative advantages and disadvantages of each, a justification when an item's function or characteristics are being altered, the effect of the change on the end item's performance, and any pertinent objective test data.

(2) A list and analysis of the contract requirements that must be changed if the VECP is accepted, including any suggested specification revisions.

(3) Identification of the unit to which the VECP applies.



(4) A separate, detailed cost estimate for (i) the affected portions of the existing contract requirement and (ii) the VECP. The cost reduction associated with the VECP shall take into account the Contractor's allowable development and implementation costs, including any amount attributable to subcontracts under the Subcontracts paragraph of this clause.

(5) A description and estimate of costs the Government may incur in implementing the VECP, such as test and evaluation and operating and support costs.

(6) A prediction of any effects the proposed change would have on collateral costs to the agency.

(7) A statement of the time by which a contract modification accepting the VECP must be issued in order to achieve the maximum cost reduction, noting any effect on the contract completion time or delivery schedule.

(8) Identification of any previous submissions of the VECP, including the dates submitted, the agencies and contract numbers involved, and previous Government actions, if known.

(d) Submission. The Contractor shall submit VECP's to the Contracting Officer, unless this contract states otherwise. If this contract is administered by other than the contracting office, the Contractor shall submit a copy of the VECP simultaneously to the Contracting Officer and to the Administrative Contracting Officer.

(e) Government action.

(1) The Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor of the status of the VECP within 45 calendar days after the contracting office receives it. If additional time is required, the Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor within the 45-day period and provide the reason for the delay and the expected date of the decision. The Government will process VECP's expeditiously; however, it will not be liable for any delay in acting upon a VECP.

(2) If the VECP is not accepted, the Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor in writing, explaining the reasons for rejection. The Contractor may withdraw any VECP, in whole or in part, at any time before it is accepted by the Government. The Contracting Officer may require that the Contractor provide written notification before undertaking significant expenditures for VECP effort.

(3) Any VECP may be accepted, in whole or in part, by the Contracting Officer's award of a modification to this contract citing this clause and made either before or within a reasonable time after contract performance is completed. Until such a contract modification applies a VECP to this contract, the Contractor shall perform in accordance with the existing contract. The decision to accept or reject all or part of any VECP is a unilateral decision made solely at the discretion of the Contracting Officer.

(f) Sharing rates. If a VECP is accepted, the Contractor shall share in net acquisition savings according to the percentages shown in the table below. The percentage paid the Contractor depends upon-

(1) This contract's type (fixed-price, incentive, or cost-reimbursement);

(2) The sharing arrangement specified in paragraph (a) of this clause (incentive, program requirement, or a combination as delineated in the Schedule); and



(3) The source of the savings (the instant contract, or concurrent and future contracts), as follows:

Contractor's Share of Net Acquisition Savings (Figure in Percent)						
Contract Type	Incentive (Voluntary)		Program Requirement (Mandatory)			
	Instant Contract Rate	Concurrent and Future Contract Rate	Instant Contract Rate	Concurrent and Future Contract Rate		
Fixed-price (includes fixed-price-award- fee; excludes other fixed-price incentive contracts)	*50	*50	25	25		
Incentive (fixed-price or cost) (other than award fee)	(**)	*50	(**)	25		
Cost-reimbursement (includes cost-plus- award-fee; excludes other cost-type incentive contracts)	***25	***25	15	15		

* The Contracting Office may increase the Contractor's sharing rate to as high as 75 percent for each VECP.

** Same sharing arrangement as the contract's profit or fee adjustment formula.

*** The Contracting Office may increase the Contractor's sharing rate to as high as 50 percent for each VECP.

(g) Calculating net acquisition savings.

(1) Acquisition savings are realized when (i) the cost or price is reduced on the instant contract, (ii) reductions are negotiated in concurrent contracts, (iii) future contracts are awarded, or (iv) agreement is reached on a lump-sum payment for future contract savings (see paragraph (i)(4) of this clause). Net acquisition savings are first realized, and the Contractor shall be paid a share, when Government costs and any negative instant contract savings have been fully offset against acquisition savings.

(2) Except in incentive contracts, Government costs and any price or cost increases resulting from negative instant contract savings shall be offset against acquisition savings each time such savings are realized until they are fully offset. Then, the Contractor's share is calculated by multiplying net acquisition savings by the appropriate Contractor's percentage sharing rate (see paragraph (f) of this clause). Additional Contractor shares of net acquisition savings shall be paid to the Contractor at the time realized.

(3) If this is an incentive contract, recovery of Government costs on the instant contract shall be deferred and offset against concurrent and future contract savings. The Contractor shall share through the contract incentive structure in savings on the instant contract items affected. Any negative instant contract savings shall be added to the target cost or to the target price and ceiling price, and the amount shall be offset against concurrent and future contract savings.



(4) If the Government does not receive and accept all items on which it paid the Contractor's share, the Contractor shall reimburse the Government for the proportionate share of these payments.

(h) Contract adjustment. The modification accepting the VECP (or a subsequent modification issued as soon as possible after any negotiations are completed) shall-

(1) Reduce the contract price or estimated cost by the amount of instant contract savings, unless this is an incentive contract;

(2) When the amount of instant contract savings is negative, increase the contract price, target price and ceiling price, target cost, or estimated cost by that amount;

(3) Specify the Contractor's dollar share per unit on future contracts, or provide the lump-sum payment;

(4) Specify the amount of any Government costs or negative instant contract savings to be offset in determining net acquisition savings realized from concurrent or future contract savings; and

(5) Provide the Contractor's share of any net acquisition savings under the instant contract in accordance with the following:

(i) Fixed-price contracts-add to contract price.

(ii) Cost-reimbursement contracts-add to contract fee.

(i) Concurrent and future contract savings.

(1) Payments of the Contractor's share of concurrent and future contract savings shall be made by a modification to the instant contract in accordance with paragraph (h)(5) of this clause. For incentive contracts, shares shall be added as a separate firm-fixed-price line item on the instant contract. The Contractor shall maintain records adequate to identify the first delivered unit for 3 years after final payment under this contract.

(2) The Contracting Officer shall calculate the Contractor's share of concurrent contract savings by-

(i) Subtracting from the reduction in price negotiated on the concurrent contract any Government costs or negative instant contract savings not yet offset; and

(ii) Multiplying the result by the Contractor's sharing rate.

(3) The Contracting Officer shall calculate the Contractor's share of future contract savings by-

(i) Multiplying the future unit cost reduction by the number of future contract units scheduled for delivery during the sharing period;

(ii) Subtracting any Government costs or negative instant contract savings not yet offset; and

(iii) Multiplying the result by the Contractor's sharing rate.



(4) When the Government wishes and the Contractor agrees, the Contractor's share of future contract savings may be paid in a single lump sum rather than in a series of payments over time as future contracts are awarded. Under this alternate procedure, the future contract savings may be calculated when the VECP is accepted, on the basis of the Contracting Officer's forecast of the number of units that will be delivered during the sharing period. The Contractor's share shall be included in a modification to this contract (see paragraph (h)(3) of this clause) and shall not be subject to subsequent adjustment.

(5) Alternate no-cost settlement method. When, in accordance with section <u>48.104-4</u> of the Federal Acquisition Regulation (FAR), the Government and the Contractor mutually agree to use the no-cost settlement method, the following applies:

(i) The Contractor will keep all the savings on the instant contract and on its concurrent contracts only.

(ii) The Government will keep all the savings resulting from concurrent contracts placed on other sources, savings from all future contracts, and all collateral savings.

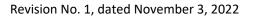
(j) Collateral savings. If a VECP is accepted, the Contracting Officer will increase the instant contract amount, as specified in paragraph (h)(5) of this clause, by a rate from 20 to 100 percent, as determined by the Contracting Officer, of any projected collateral savings determined to be realized in a typical year of use after subtracting any Government costs not previously offset. However, the Contractor's share of collateral savings will not exceed the contract's firm-fixed-price, target price, target cost, or estimated cost, at the time the VECP is accepted, or \$100,000, whichever is greater. The Contracting Officer will be the sole determiner of the amount of collateral savings.

(k) Relationship to other incentives. Only those benefits of an accepted VECP not rewardable under performance, design-to-cost (production unit cost, operating and support costs, reliability and maintainability), or similar incentives shall be rewarded under this clause. However, the targets of such incentives affected by the VECP shall not be adjusted because of VECP acceptance. If this contract specifies targets but provides no incentive to surpass them, the value engineering sharing shall apply only to the amount of achievement better than target.

(I) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include an appropriate value engineering clause in any subcontractvalued at or above the simplified acquisition threshold, as defined in FAR <u>2.101</u> on the date of subcontract award, and may include one in subcontracts of lesser value. In calculating any adjustment in this contract's price for instant contract savings (or negative instant contract savings), the Contractor's allowable development and implementation costs shall include any subcontractor's allowable development and implementation costs, and any value engineering incentive payments to a subcontractor, clearly resulting from a VECP accepted by the Government under this contract. The Contractor may choose any arrangement for subcontractor value engineering incentive payments, *provided*, that the payments shall not reduce the Government's share of concurrent or future contract savings or collateral savings.

(m) *Data*. The Contractor may restrict the Government's right to use any part of a VECP or the supporting data by marking the following legend on the affected parts:

These data, furnished under the Value Engineering clause of contract ______, shall not be disclosed outside the Government or duplicated, used, or disclosed, in whole or in part, for any purpose other than to evaluate a value engineering change proposal submitted under the clause. This restriction does not limit the





Government's right to use information contained in these data if it has been obtained or is otherwise available from the Contractor or from another source without limitations.

If a VECP is accepted, the Contractor hereby grants the Government unlimited rights in the VECP and supporting data, except that, with respect to data qualifying and submitted as limited rights technical data, the Government shall have the rights specified in the contract modification implementing the VECP and shall appropriately mark the data. (The terms "unlimited rights" and "limited rights" are defined in <u>part 27</u> of the Federal Acquisition Regulation.)

(End of clause)

252.203-7004 DISPLAY OF HOTLINE POSTERS (AUG 2019)

(Applicable to Purchase Orders that exceed \$6 million, except those that are commercial items. Applies to Commercial procurements only).

(a) Definition. As used in this clause-

"United States" means the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and outlying areas.

(b) Display of hotline poster(s).

(1)(i) The Contractor shall display prominently the DoD fraud, waste, and abuse hotline poster prepared by the DoD Office of the Inspector General, in effect at time of contract award, in common work areas within business segments performing work under Department of Defense (DoD) contracts.

(ii) For contracts performed outside the United States, when security concerns can be appropriately demonstrated, the contracting officer may provide the contractor the option to publicize the program to contractor personnel in a manner other than public display of the poster, such as private employee written instructions and briefings.

(2) If the contract is funded, in whole or in part, by Department of Homeland Security (DHS) disaster relief funds and the work is to be performed in the United States, the DHS fraud hotline poster shall be displayed in addition to the DoD hotline poster. If a display of a DHS fraud hotline poster is required, the Contractor may obtain such poster from—

(i) DHS Office of Inspector General/MAIL STOP 0305, Attn: Office of Investigations – Hotline, 245 Murray Lane SW, Washington, DC 20528-0305; or

(ii) Via the internet at https://www.oig.dhs.gov/assets/Hotline/DHS_OIG_Hotline-optimized.jpg.

(c)(1) The DoD hotline poster may be obtained from: Defense Hotline, The Pentagon, Washington, D.C. 20301-1900, or is also available via the internet at <u>https://www.dodig.mil/Resources/Posters-and-Brochures/</u>.

(2) If a significant portion of the employee workforce does not speak English, then the poster is to be displayed in the foreign languages that a significant portion of the employees speak.





(3) Additionally, if the Contractor maintains a company website as a method of providing information to employees, the Contractor shall display an electronic version of the required poster at the website.

(d) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (d), in all subcontracts that exceed the threshold specified in Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement <u>203.1004</u> (b)(2)(ii) on the date of subcontract award, except when the subcontract is for the acquisition of a commercial item.

(End of clause)

252.204-7018 PROHIBITION ON THE ACQUISITION OF COVERED DEFENSE TELECOMMUNICATIONS EQUIPMENT OR SERVICES (JAN 2021)

(Applicable to all Purchase Orders including those for the acquisition of Commercial Items. Applies to Commercial and Non-Commercial procurements.)

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause -Covered defense telecommunications equipment or services means -

(1) Telecommunications equipment produced by Huawei Technologies Company or ZTE Corporation, or any subsidiary or affiliate of such entities;

(2) Telecommunications services provided by such entities or using such equipment; or

(3) Telecommunications equipment or services produced or provided by an entity that the Secretary of Defense reasonably believes to be an entity owned or controlled by, or otherwise connected to, the government of a covered foreign country.

Covered foreign country means -

(1) The People's Republic of China; or

(2) The Russian Federation.

Covered missions means -

(1) The nuclear deterrence mission of DoD, including with respect to nuclear command, control, and communications, integrated tactical warning and attack assessment, and continuity of Government; or

(2) The homeland defense mission of DoD, including with respect to ballistic missile defense.

"Critical technology" means -

(1) Defense articles or defense services included on the United States Munitions List set forth in the International Traffic in Arms Regulations under subchapter M of chapter I of title 22, Code of Federal Regulations;



(2) Items included on the Commerce Control List set forth in Supplement No. 1 to part 774 of the Export Administration Regulations under subchapter C of chapter VII of title 15, Code of Federal Regulations, and controlled -

(i) Pursuant to multilateral regimes, including for reasons relating to national security, chemical and biological weapons proliferation, nuclear nonproliferation, or missile technology; or

(ii) For reasons relating to regional stability or surreptitious listening;

(3) Specially designed and prepared nuclear equipment, parts and components, materials, software, and technology covered by part 810 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations (relating to assistance to foreign atomic energy activities);

(4) Nuclear facilities, equipment, and material covered by part 110 of title 10, Code of Federal Regulations (relating to export and import of nuclear equipment and material);

(5) Select agents and toxins covered by part 331 of title 7, Code of Federal Regulations, part 121 of title 9 of such Code, or part 73 of title 42 of such Code; or

(6) Emerging and foundational technologies controlled pursuant to section 1758 of the Export Control Reform Act of 2018 (50 U.S.C. 4817).

Substantial or essential component means any component necessary for the proper function or performance of a piece of equipment, system, or service.

(b) Prohibition. In accordance with section 1656 of the National Defense Authorization Act for Fiscal Year 2018 (Pub. L. 115-91), the contractor shall not provide to the Government any equipment, system, or service to carry out covered missions that uses covered defense telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system, unless the covered defense telecommunication equipment or services are covered by a waiver described in Defense Federal Acquisition Regulation Supplement 204.2104.

(c) Procedures. The Contractor shall review the list of excluded parties in the System for Award Management (SAM) at https://www.sam.gov for entities that are excluded when providing any equipment, system, or service, to carry out covered missions, that uses covered defense telecommunications equipment or services as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system, unless a waiver is granted.

(d) Reporting.

(1) In the event the Contractor identifies covered defense telecommunications equipment or services used as a substantial or essential component of any system, or as critical technology as part of any system, during contract performance, the Contractor shall report at https://dibnet.dod.mil the information in paragraph
(d)(2) of this clause.

(2) The Contractor shall report the following information pursuant to paragraph (d)(1) of this clause:



(i) Within 3 business days from the date of such identification or notification: The contract number; the order number(s), if applicable; supplier name; brand; model number (original equipment manufacturer number, manufacturer part number, or wholesaler number); item description; and any readily available information about mitigation actions undertaken or recommended.

(ii) Within 30 business days of submitting the information in paragraph (d)(2)(i) of this clause: Any further available information about mitigation actions undertaken or recommended. In addition, the Contractor shall describe the efforts it undertook to prevent use or submission of a covered defense telecommunications equipment or services, and any additional efforts that will be incorporated to prevent future use or submission of covered telecommunications equipment or services.

(e) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (e), in all subcontracts and other contractual instruments, including subcontracts for the acquisition of commercial items.

(End of clause)

252.208-7000 INTENT TO FURNISH PRECIOUS METALS AS GOVERNMENT-FURNISHED MATERIAL (DEC 1991)

(Applicable to all Purchase Orders when the item being purchased contains precious metals. Applies to Commercial and Non-Commercial procurements.)

(a) The Government intends to furnish precious metals required in the manufacture of items to be delivered under the contract if the Contracting Officer determines it to be in the Government's best interest. The use of Government-furnished silver is mandatory when the quantity required is one hundred troy ounces or more. The precious metal(s) will be furnished pursuant to the Government Furnished Property clause of the contract.

(b) The Offeror shall cite the type (silver, gold, platinum, palladium, iridium, rhodium, and ruthenium) and quantity in whole troy ounces of precious metals required in the performance of this contract (including precious metals required for any first article or production sample), and shall specify the national stock number (NSN) and nomenclature, if known, of the deliverable item requiring precious metals.

-	-	Deliverable Item		
Precious Metal*	<u>Quantity</u>	(NSN and Nomenclature)		

*If platinum or palladium, specify whether sponge or granules are required.

(c) Offerors shall submit two prices for each deliverable item which contains precious metals--one based on the Government furnishing precious metals, and one based on the Contractor furnishing precious metals. Award will be made on the basis which is in the best interest of the Government.



(d) The Contractor agrees to insert this clause, including this paragraph (d), in solicitations for subcontracts and purchase orders issued in performance of this contract, unless the Contractor knows that the item being purchased contains no precious metals.

(End of clause)

252.222-7000 RESTRICTIONS ON EMPLOYMENT OF PERSONNEL (MAR 2000)

(Applicable to all Purchase Orders when Seller is performing the type of work described in the clause. Applies to Commercial and Non-Commercial procurements).

(a) The Contractor shall employ, for the purpose of performing that portion of the contract work in ______, individuals who are residents thereof and who, in the case of any craft or trade, possess or would be able to acquire promptly the necessary skills to perform the contract.

(b) The Contractor shall insert the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (b), in each subcontract awarded under this contract.

(End of clause)

252.223-7007 SAFEGUARDING SENSITIVE CONVENTIONAL ARMS, AMMUNITION, AND EXPLOSIVES (SEP 1999)

(Applicable to all Purchase Orders for (i) the development, production, manufacture, or purchase of arms, ammunition, and explosives (AA&E), or (ii) when AA&E will be provided to the Seller as Government-furnished property. Applies to Commercial and Non-Commercial procurements).

(a) Definition. "Arms, ammunition, and explosives (AA&E)," as used in this clause, means those items within the scope (chapter 1, paragraph B) of DoD 5100.76-M, Physical Security of Sensitive Conventional Arms, Ammunition, and Explosives.

(b) The requirements of DoD 5100.76-M apply to the following items of AA&E being developed, produced, manufactured, or purchased for the Government, or provided to the Contractor as Government-furnished property under this contract:

Nomenclature	National stock number	Sensitivity category



(c) The Contractor shall comply with the requirements of DoD 5100.76-M, as specified in the statement of work. The edition of DoD 5100.76-M in effect on the date of issuance of the solicitation for this contract shall apply.

(d) The Contractor shall allow representatives of the Defense Security Service (DSS), and representatives of other appropriate offices of the Government, access at all reasonable times into its facilities and those of its subcontractors, for the purpose of performing surveys, inspections, and investigations necessary to review compliance with the physical security standards applicable to this contract.

(e) The Contractor shall notify the cognizant DSS field office of any subcontract involving AA&E within 10 days after award of the subcontract.

(f) The Contractor shall ensure that the requirements of this clause are included in all subcontracts, at every tier -

(1) For the development, production, manufacture, or purchase of AA&E; or

(2) When AA&E will be provided to the subcontractor as Government-furnished property.

(g) Nothing in this clause shall relieve the Contractor of its responsibility for complying with applicable Federal, state, and local laws, ordinances, codes, and regulations (including requirements for obtaining licenses and permits) in connection with the performance of this contract.

(End of Clause)

252.225-7043 ANTITERRORISM/FORCE PROTECTION POLICY FOR DEFENSE CONTRACTORS OUTSIDE THE UNITED STATES (JUN 2015)

(Applicable to all Purchase Orders that require performance or travel outside the U.S., except subcontractors who are a foreign government, a representative of a foreign government, or a foreign corporation wholly owned by a foreign government. Applies to Commercial and Non-Commercial procurements.)

(a) Definition. "United States," as used in this clause, means, the 50 States, the District of Columbia, and outlying areas.

(b) Except as provided in paragraph (c) of this clause, the Contractor and its subcontractors, if performing or traveling outside the United States under this contract, shall—

(1) Affiliate with the Overseas Security Advisory Council, if the Contractor or subcontractor is a U.S. entity;

(2) Ensure that Contractor and subcontractor personnel who are U.S. nationals and are in-country on a non-transitory basis, register with the U.S. Embassy, and that Contractor and subcontractor personnel who are third country nationals comply with any security related requirements of the Embassy of their nationality;

(3) Provide, to Contractor and subcontractor personnel, antiterrorism/force protection awareness information commensurate with that which the Department of Defense (DoD) provides to its military and civilian personnel and their families, to the extent such information can be made available prior to travel outside the United States; and



(4) Obtain and comply with the most current antiterrorism/force protection guidance for Contractor and subcontractor personnel.

(c) The requirements of this clause do not apply to any subcontractor that is-

(1) A foreign government;

(2) A representative of a foreign government; or

(3) A foreign corporation wholly owned by a foreign government.

(d) Information and guidance pertaining to DoD antiterrorism/force protection can be obtained from (Contracting Officer to insert applicable information cited in PGI <u>225.372-1</u>).

(End of clause)

252.225-7047 EXPORTS BY APPROVED COMMUNITY MEMBERS IN PERFORMANCE OF THE CONTRACT (JUNE 2013)

(Applicable to all Purchase Orders that may require exports or transfers of qualifying defense articles. Applies to Commercial and Non-Commercial procurements).

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause-

"Approved Community" means the U.S. Government, U.S. entities that are registered and eligible exporters, and certain government and industry facilities in Australia or the United Kingdom that are approved and listed by the U.S. Government.

"Australia Community member" means an Australian government authority or nongovernmental entity or facility on the Australia Community list accessible at http://pmddtc.state.gov/treaties/index.html .

"Defense articles" means articles, services, and related technical data, including software, in tangible or intangible form, listed on the United States Munitions List of the International Traffic in Arms Regulations (ITAR), as modified or amended.

"Defense Trade Cooperation (DTC) Treaty" means-

(1) The Treaty Between the Government of the United States of America and the government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland concerning Defense Trade Cooperation, signed at Washington and London on June 21 and 26, 2007; or

(2) The Treaty Between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of Australia Concerning Defense Trade Cooperation, signed at Sydney on September 5, 2007.

"Export" means the initial movement of defense articles from the United States Community to the United Kingdom Community and the Australia community.



"Implementing Arrangement" means -

(1) The Implementing Arrangement Pursuant to the Treaty between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland Concerning Defense Trade Cooperation, signed on February 14, 2008; or

(2) The Implementing Arrangement Pursuant to the Treaty between the Government of the United States of America and the Government of Australia Concerning Defense Trade Cooperation, signed on March 14, 2008.

"Qualifying defense articles" means defense articles that are not exempt from the scope of the DTC Treaties as defined in 22 CFR 126.16(g) and 22 CFR 126.17(g).

"Transfer" means the movement of previously exported defense articles within the Approved Community.

"United Kingdom Community member" means a United Kingdom government authority or nongovernmental entity or facility on the United Kingdom Community list accessible at <u>http://pmddtc.state.gov</u>.

"United States Community" means-

(1) Departments and agencies of the U.S. Government, including their personnel, with, as appropriate, security accreditation and a need-to-know; and

(2) Nongovernmental U.S. entities registered with the Department of State and eligible to export defense articles under U.S. law and regulation, including their employees, with, as appropriate, security accreditation and a need-to-know.

"U.S. DoD Treaty-eligible requirements" means any defense article acquired by the DoD for use in a combined military or counterterrorism operation, cooperative research, development, production or support program, or DoD end use, as described in Article 3 of the U.S.-U.K. DTC Treaty and sections 2 and 3 of the associated Implementing Arrangement; and Article 3 of the U.S.-Australia DTC Treaty and sections 2 and 3 of the associated Implementing Arrangement.

(b) All contract line items in this contract, except any identified in this paragraph, are intended to satisfy U.S. DoD Treaty-eligible requirements. Specific defense articles that are not U.S. DoD Treaty-eligible will be identified as such in those contract line items that are otherwise U.S. DoD Treaty-eligible.

CONTRACT LINE ITEMS NOT INTENDED TO SATISFY

U.S. DOD TREATY-ELIGIBLE REQUIREMENTS:

[Enter Contract Line Item Number(s) or enter "None"]

(c) Subject to the other terms and conditions of this contract that affect the acceptability of foreign sources or foreign end products, components, parts, or materials, Approved Community members are permitted, but



not required, to use the DTC Treaties for exports or transfers of qualifying defense articles in performance of the contract.

(d) Any conduct by the Contractor that falls outside the scope of the DTC Treaties, the Implementing Arrangements, and 22 CFR 126.16(g) and 22 CFR 126.17(g) is subject to all applicable ITAR requirements, including any criminal, civil, and administrative penalties or sanctions, as well as all other United States statutory and regulatory requirements outside of ITAR, including, but not limited to, regulations issued by the Bureau of Alcohol, Tobacco, Firearms and Explosives found at 27 C.F.R. Parts 447, 478, and 479, which are unaffected by the DTC Treaties.

(e) If the Contractor is an Approved Community member, the Contractor agrees that-

(1) The Contractor shall comply with the requirements of the DTC Treaties, the Implementing Arrangements, the ITAR, and corresponding regulations of the U.S. Government and the government of Australia or the government of the United Kingdom, as applicable; and

(2) Prior to the export or transfer of a qualifying defense article the Contractor—

(i) Shall mark, identify, transmit, store, and handle any defense articles provided for the purpose of responding to such solicitations, as well as any defense articles provided with or developed pursuant to their responses to such solicitations, in accordance with the DTC Treaties, the Implementing Arrangements, and corresponding regulations of the United States Government and the government of Australia or the government of the United Kingdom, as applicable, including, but not limited to, the marking and classification requirements described in the applicable regulations;

(ii) Shall comply with the re-transfer or re-export provisions of the DTC Treaties, the Implementing Arrangements, and corresponding regulations of the United States Government and the government of Australia or the government of the United Kingdom, as applicable, including, but not limited to, the re-transfer and re-export requirements described in the applicable regulations; and

(iii) Shall acknowledge that any conduct that falls outside or in violation of the DTC Treaties, Implementing Arrangements, and implementing regulations of the applicable government including, but not limited to, unauthorized re-transfer or re-export in violation of the procedures established in the applicable Implementing Arrangement and implementing regulations, remains subject to applicable licensing requirements of the government of Australia, the government of the United Kingdom, and the United States Government, including any criminal, civil, and administrative penalties or sanctions contained therein.

(f) The contractor shall include the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (f), in all subcontracts that may require exports or transfers of qualifying defense articles in connection with deliveries under the contract.

(End of clause)

252.225-7980 CONTRACTOR PERSONNEL PERFORMING IN THE UNITED STATES AFRICA COMMAND AREA OF RESPONSIBILITY (DEVIATION 2016-00008) (JUN 2016)



(Applicable to all Purchase Orders for the acquisition of commercial items, that will require contractor personnel to perform in the United State Africa Command (USAFRICOM) area of responsibility. Applies to Commercial and Non-Commercial procurements).

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause---

"Combatant Commander" means the Commander of the United States Africa Command (USAFRICOM).

"Contractors authorized to accompany the Force," or "CAAF," means contractor personnel, including all tiers of subcontractor personnel, who are authorized to accompany U.S. Armed Forces in applicable operations and have been afforded CAAF status through a letter of authorization. CAAF generally include all U.S. citizen and third-country national employees not normally residing within the operational area whose area of performance is in the direct vicinity of U.S. Armed Forces and who routinely are collocated with the U.S. Armed Forces (especially in non-permissive environments). Personnel collocated with U.S. Armed Forces in applicable operations shall be afforded CAAF status through a letter of authorization. In some cases, Combatant Commander or subordinate joint force commanders may designate mission- essential host nation or local national contractor employees (e.g., interpreters) as CAAF. CAAF includes contractors previously identified as contractors deploying with the U.S. Armed Forces. CAAF status does not apply to contractor personnel in support of applicable operations within the boundaries and territories of the United States.

"Designated reception site" means the designated place for the reception, staging, integration, and onward movement of contractors deploying to the USAFRICOM area of responsibility. The designated reception site includes assigned joint reception centers and other Service or private reception sites. "Law of war" means that part of international law that regulates the conduct of armed hostilities. The law of war encompasses the international law related to the conduct of hostilities that is binding on the United States or its individual citizens, including treaties and international agreements to which the United States is a party, and applicable customary international law.

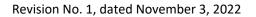
"Non-CAAF" means personnel in applicable operations who are not designated as CAAF, such as local national employees and non-local national employees who are permanent residents in the operational area or third-country nationals not routinely residing with U.S. Armed Forces (and third-country national expatriates who are permanent residents in the operational area) who perform support functions away from the close proximity of, and do not reside with, the U.S. Armed Forces Government-furnished support to non-CAAF is typically limited to force protection, emergency medical care, and basic human needs (e.g., bottled water, latrine facilities, security, and food when necessary} when performing their Jobs in the direct vicinity of U.S. Armed Forces. Non-CAA status does not apply to contractor personnel in support of applicable operations within the boundaries and territories of the United States.

"Subordinate joint force commander" means a sub-unified commander or joint task force commander.

"U.S. Africa Command (USAFRICOM) area of responsibility," as used in this clause, means-

(1) The entire continent of Africa, excluding Egypt;

(2) The Atlantic Ocean east and south of the line from Antarctica at 024°W, north to 4°N/024°W, west to 30°W, then north to 21°N/030°W, then east to the African continent; and





(3) The Indian Ocean west and south of the line from Antarctica at 68°E, north to 01°40'S/068°E, and west to the African coast at 01°40'8.

(b) General.

(1) This clause applies to all contractor personnel when performing in the USAFRICOM area of responsibility.

(2) Certain requirements in paragraphs (c)(3}, (e)(I), and (f) must be specified in the statement of work to be applied to non-CAAF personnel.

(3) Contract performance in the USAFRICOM area of responsibility may require work in dangerous or austere conditions. Except as otherwise provided in the contract, the Contractor accepts the risks associated with required contract performance in such operations.

(4) When authorized in accordance with paragraph (j) of this clause to carry arms for personal protection, contractor personnel are only authorized to use force for individual self-defense.

(5) Unless immune from host nation jurisdiction by virtue of an international agreement or international law, inappropriate use of force by contractor personnel authorized to accompany the U.S. Armed Forces can subject such personnel to United States or host nation prosecution and civil liability (see paragraphs (d) and (j)(3) of this clause).

(6) Service performed by contractor personnel subject to this clause is not active duty or service under 38 U.S.C. 106 note.

(c) Support.

(1)(i) The Combatant Commander will develop a security plan for protection of contractor personnel in locations where there is not sufficient or legitimate civil authority, when the Combatant Commander decides it is in the interests of the Government to provide security because-

(A) The Contractor cannot obtain effective security services;

(B) Effective security services are unavailable at a reasonable cost; or

(C) Threat conditions necessitate security through military means.

(ii) In appropriate cases, the (Combatant Commander may provide security through military means, commensurate with the level of security provided DoD civilians.

(2)(i) Generally, CAAF will be afforded emergency medical and dental care if injured while supporting applicable operations. Additionally, all non-CAAF who are injured while in the vicinity of U. S. Armed Forces will normally receive emergency medical and dental care. Emergency medical and dental care includes medical care situations in which life, limb, or eyesight is jeopardized. Examples of emergency medical and dental care include examination and initial treatment of victims of sexual assault; refills of prescriptions for life-dependent drugs; repair of broken bones, lacerations, infections; and traumatic injuries to the dentition. Hospitalization will be limited to stabilization and short-term medical treatment with an emphasis on return to duty or placement in the patient movement system.



(ii) When the Government provides medical treatment or transportation of contractor personnel to a selected civilian facility, the Contractor shall ensure that the Government is reimbursed for any costs associated with such treatment or transportation.

(iii) Medical or dental care beyond this standard is not authorized.

(3)(i) A Synchronized Predeployment and Operational Tracker (SPOT)- generated letter of authorization signed by the Contracting Officer is required for certain contractor personnel to process through a deployment center or to travel to, from, or within the USAFRICOM area of responsibility. The requirement applies to CAAF and, as specified in the statement of work, non-CAAF personnel.

(ii) The letter of authorization will identify any additional authorizations privileges, or Government support that contractor personnel are entitled to under this contract. USAFRICOM has limited capability to provide Government-furnished life- support services to contractors in the USAFRICOM area of responsibility. In instances where Government-furnished life support services are neither available nor authorized in the contract, the SPOT-generated letter of authorization, signed by the Contracting Officer, shall be annotated with "None" checked for Government-furnished life-support services.

(iii) Contractor personnel who are issued a letter of authorization shall carry it with them at all times while deployed.

(4) Unless specified elsewhere in this contract, the Contractor is responsible for all other support required for its personnel engaged in the USAFRICOM area of responsibility under this contract.

(d) Compliance with laws and regulations.

(1) The Contractor shall comply with, and shall ensure that its personnel performing in the USAFRICOM arena of responsibility are familiar with and comply with, all applicable-

(i) United States, host country, and third country national laws;

(ii) Provisions of the law of war, as well as any other applicable treaties and international agreements;

(iii) United States regulations, directives, instruction s, policies, and procedures; and

(iv) Orders, directives, and instructions issued by the Combatant Commander, including those relating to force protection, security, health, safety, or relations and interaction with local nationals.

(2) The Contractor shall institute and implement an effective program to prevent violations of the law of war by its employees and subcontractors, including law of war training in accordance with paragraph (e)(1)(vii) of this clause.

(3) The Contractor shall ensure that all contractor personnel are aware-

(i) Of the DoD definition of "sexual assault" in DoDD 6495.01, Sexual Assault Prevention and Response Program;



(ii) That the offenses addressed by the definition are covered under the Uniform Code of Military Justice (see paragraph (e)(2)(iv) of this clause). Other sexual misconduct may constitute offenses under the Uniform Code of Military Justice, Federal law, such as the Military Extraterritorial Jurisdiction Act, or host nation laws; and

(iii) That the offenses not covered by the Uniform Code of Military Justice may nevertheless have consequences for the contractor employees (see paragraph (h)(1) of this clause).

(4) The Contractor shall report to the appropriate investigative authorities, identified in paragraph (d)(6) of this clause, any alleged offenses under-

(i) The Uniform Code of Military Justice (chapter 47 of title 10, United States Code) (applicable to contractors serving with or accompanying an armed force in the field during a declared war or contingency operations); or

(ii) The Military Extraterritorial Jurisdiction Act (chapter 212 of title 18, United States Code).

(5) The Contractor shall provide to all contractor personnel who will perform work on a contract in the deployed area, before beginning such work, information on the following:

(i) How and where to report an alleged crime described in paragraph (d)(4) of this clause.

(ii) Where to seek victim and witness protection and assistance available to contractor personnel in connection with an alleged offense described m paragraph (d)(4) of this clause.

(iii) This section does not create any rights or privileges that are not authorized by law or DoD policy.

(6) The appropriate investigative authorities to which suspected crimes shall be reported include the following-

(i) US Army Criminal Investigation Command at http://www.cid.army.mil/reportacrime.html;

(ii) Air Force Office of Special Investigations at http://www.osi.af.mil;

(iii) Navy Criminal Investigative Service at http://www.ncis.nayy.mil/Pages/publicdefault.aspx; (iv) Defense Criminal Investigative Service at http://www.dodig.mil/HOTLINE/index.html; and

(v) To any command of any supported military element or the command of any base.

(7) Personnel seeking whistleblower protection from reprisals for reporting criminal acts shall seek guidance through the DoD Inspector General hotline at 800-424-9098 or www.dodig.mil/HOTLINE/index.html. Personnel seeking other forms of victim or witness protections should contact the nearest military law enforcement office.

(8) The Contractor shall ensure that Contractor employees supporting the U.S. Armed Forces deployed outside the United States are aware of their rights to-

(i) Hold their own identity or immigration documents, such as passport or driver's license;



(ii) Receive agreed upon wages on time;

(iii) Take lunch and work-breaks;

- (iv) Elect to terminate employment at any time;
- (v) Identify grievances without fear of reprisal;

(vi) Have a copy of their employment contract in a language they understand;

(vii) Receive wages that are not below the legal in-country minimum wage;

(viii) Be notified of their rights, wages, and prohibited activities prior to signing their employment contract; and

(ix) If housing is provided, live in housing that meets host-country housing and safety standards.

(e) Preliminary personnel requirements.

(1) The Contractor shall ensure that the following requirements are met prior to deploying CAAF and, as specified in the statement of work, non-CAAF (specific requirements for each category will be specified in the statement of work or elsewhere in the contract):

(i) All required security and background checks are complete and acceptable.

(ii) All such personnel deploying in support of an applicable operation -

A) Are medically, dentally, and psychologically fit for deployment and performance of their contracted duties;

(B) Meet the minimum medical screening requirements, including theater-specific medical qualifications as established by the Geographic Combatant Commander (as posted to the Geographic Combatant Commander's website or other venue); and

(C) Have received all required immunizations as specified in the contract.

(1) During predeployment processing, the Government will provide, at no cost to the Contractor, any military-specific immunizations and/or medications not available to the general public.

(2) All other immunizations shall be obtained prior to arrival at the deployment center.

(3) All such personnel, as specified in the statement of work, shall bring to the USAFRICOM area of responsibility a copy of the U.S. Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) Form 731, International Certificate of Vaccination or Prophylaxis as approved by the World Health Organization, (also known as "shot record" or "Yellow Card") that shows vaccinations are current.



(iii) Deploying personnel have all necessary passports, visas, and other documents required to enter and exit the USAFRICOM area of responsibility and have a Geneva Conventions identification card, or other appropriate DoD identity credential, from the deployment center.

(iv) Special area, country, and theater clearance is obtained for all personnel deploying. Clearance requirements are in DoD Directive 4500.54E, DoD Foreign Clearance Program. For this purpose, CAAF are considered non-DoD personnel traveling under DoD sponsorship.

(v) All deploying personnel have received personal security training. At a minimum, the training shall

(A) Cover safety and security issues facing employees overseas;

(B) Identify safety and security contingency planning activities; and

(C) Identify ways to utilize safety and security personnel and other resources appropriately.

(vi) All personnel have received isolated personnel training, if specifies the contract, in accordance with DoD Instruction 1300.23, Isolated Personnel Training for DoD Civilian and Contractors.

(vii) Personnel have received law of war training as follows:

(A) Basic training is required for all such personnel. The basic training will be provided through-

(1) A military-run training center; or

(2) A web-based source, if specified in the contract or approved by the Contracting Officer.

(B) Advanced training, commensurate with their duties and responsibilities, may be required for some Contractor personnel as specified in the contract.

(2) The Contractor shall notify all personnel who are not a host country national, or who are not ordinarily resident in the host country, that-

(i) Such employees, and dependents residing with such employees, who engage in conduct outside the United States that would constitute an offense punishable by imprisonment for more than one year if the conduct had been engaged in within the special maritime and territorial jurisdiction of the United States, may potentially be subject to the criminal jurisdiction of the United States in accordance with the Military Extraterritorial Jurisdiction Act of 2000 (18 U.S.C. 3621, et seq.);

(ii) Pursuant to the War Crimes Act (18 U.S.C. 2441), Federal criminal jurisdiction also extends to conduct that is determined to constitute a war crime when committed by a civilian national of the United States;

(iii) Other laws may provide for prosecution of U.S. nationals who commit offenses on the premises of U.S. diplomatic, consular, military or other U.S. Government missions outside the United States (18 U.S.C. 7(9));

(iv) In time of declared war or a contingency operation, CAAF and selected non-CAAF are subject to the jurisdiction of the Uniform Code of Military Justice under 10 U.S.C. 802(a)(10);



(v) Such employees are required to report offenses alleged to have been committed by or against contractor personnel to appropriate investigative authorities; and

(vi) Such employees will be provided victim and witness protection and assistance.

(f) Processing and departure points. CAAF and, as specified in the statement of work, non-CMF personnel shall-

(1) Process through the deployment center designated in the contract, or as otherwise directed by the Contracting Officer, prior to deploying. The deployment center will conduct deployment processing to ensure visibility and accountability of contractor personnel and to ensure that all deployment requirements are met, including the requirements specified in paragraph (e)(I) of this clause;

(2) Use the point of departure and transportation mode directed by the Contracting Officer; and

(3) Process through a designated reception site upon arrival at the deployed location. The designated reception site will validate personnel accountability, ensure that specific USAFRICOM area of responsibility entrance requirements are met, and brief contractor personnel on theater-specific policies and procedures.

(g) Personnel data. The Contractor shall-

(1) Use the SPOT web-based system, or its successor, to account for-

(i) Data for all CAAF supporting the U.S. Armed Forces deployed outside the United States.

(ii) All contractor personnel who are United States citizens and third country nationals, when the personnel will be performing in the USAFRICOM area of responsibility regardless of the length of performance or contract value; and

(iii) All private security contractor personnel and their equipment, and all other contractor personnel authorized to carry weapons, when the personnel are performing in the USAFRICOM area of responsibility regardless of the length of performance or contract value.

(2) Enter the required information about their Contractor personnel and their equipment prior to deployment and shall continue to use the SPOT web-based system at https://spot.dmdc.mil to maintain accurate, up-to-date information throughout the deployment for all Contractor personnel. Changes to status of individual Contractor personnel relating to their in-theater arrival date and their duty location, including closing out the deployment with their proper status (e.g., mission complete, killed, wounded) shall be annotated within the SPOT database in accordance with the timelines established in the SPOT Business Rules at http://www.acg.osd.mil/log/PS/ctr_mgt_accountability.html.

(3) The Contractor shall submit to the Contracting Officer for SPOT reporting, not later than the 10th day of each month, an aggregate count of all local national employees performing in the USAFRICOM area of responsibility, by country of performance, for 30 days or longer under a contract valued at or above \$150,000 annually. Contractors using local national day laborers shall count each individual hired during the 30-day period only once.



(4) For classified contracts, users shall access SPOT at https://spot.dmdc.osd.smil.mil. To obtain access, contact the SPOT Customer Support Team via email: dodhra.beau-alex.dmdc.mbx.spotIhelpdesk@mail.mil.

(h) Contractor personnel.

(1) The Contracting Officer may direct the Contractor, at its own expense, to remove and replace any contractor personnel who jeopardize or interfere with mission accomplishment or who fail to comply with or violate applicable requirements of this contract. Such action may be taken at the Government's discretion without prejudice to its rights under any other provision of this contract, including the Termination for Default clause.

(2) The Contractor shall identify all personnel who occupy a position designated as mission essential and ensure the continuity of essential Contractor services during designated operations, unless, after consultation with the Contracting Officer, Contracting Officer's Representative, or local commander, the Contracting Officer directs withdrawal due to security conditions.

(3) The Contractor shall ensure that contractor personnel follow the guidance at paragraph (e)(2)(v) of this clause and any specific Combatant Commander guidance on reporting offenses alleged to have been committed by or against contractor personnel to appropriate investigative authorities.

(4) Contractor personnel shall return all U.S. Government-issued identification, including the Common Access Card, to appropriate U.S. Government authorities at the end of their deployment (or, for non-CAAF, at the end of their employment under this contract).

(i) Military clothing and protective equipment.

(1) Contractor personnel are prohibited from wearing military clothing unless specifically authorized in writing by the Combatant Commander or subordinate joint force commanders. If authorized to wear military clothing, contractor personnel must-

(i) Wear distinctive patches, arm bands, nametags, or headgear, in order to be distinguishable from military personnel, consistent with force protection measures; and

(ii) Carry the written authorization with them at all times.

(2) Contractor personnel may wear military-unique organizational clothing and individual equipment required for safety and security, such as ballistic, nuclear, biological, or chemical protective equipment.

(3) The deployment center, or the Combatant Commander, shall issue organizational clothing and individual equipment and shall provide training, if necessary, to ensure the safety and security of contractor personnel.(4) The Contractor shall ensure that all issued organizational clothing is returned to the point of issue, unless otherwise directed by the Contracting Officer.

(j) Weapons.

(1) If the Contractor requests that its personnel performing in the USAFRICOM area of responsibility be authorized to carry weapons for individual self-defense, the request shall be made through the Contracting Officer to the Combatant Commander, in accordance with DoD Instruction 3020.41. The Combatant



Commander will determine whether to authorize in-theater contractor personnel to carry weapons and what weapons and ammunition will be allowed.

(2) If contractor personnel are authorized to carry weapons in accordance with paragraph (j)(1) of this clause, the Contracting Officer will notify the Contractor what weapons and ammunition are authorized.

(3) The Contractor shall ensure that its personnel who are authorized to carry weapons-

(i) Are adequately trained to carry and use them -

(A) Safely;

(B) with full understanding of, and adherence to, the rules of the use of force issued by the Combatant Commander; and

(C) In compliance with applicable agency policies, agreements, rules, regulations, and other applicable law;

(ii) Are not barred from possession of a firearm by 18 U.S.C. 922;

(iii) Adhere to all guidance and orders issued by the Combatant Commander regarding possession, use, safety, and accountability of weapons and ammunition;

(iv) Comply with applicable Combatant Commander, subordinate joint force commander, and local commander force-protection policies; and

(v) Understand that the inappropriate use of force could subject them to U.S. or host-nation prosecution and civil liability.

(4) Whether or not weapons are Government-furnished, all liability for the use of any weapon by contractor personnel rests solely with the Contractor and the Contractor employee using such weapon.

(5) Upon redeployment or revocation by the Combatant Commander of the Contractor's authorization to issue firearms, the Contractor shall ensure that all Government-issued weapons and unexpended ammunition are returned as directed by the Contracting Officer.

(k) Vehicle or equipment licenses. Contractor personnel shall possess the required licenses to operate all vehicles or equipment necessary to perform the contract in the USAFRICOM area of responsibility.

(I) Purchase of scarce goods and services. If the Combatant Commander has established an organization for the USAFRICOM area of responsibility whose function is to determine that certain items are scarce goods or services, the Contractor shall coordinate with that organization local purchases of goods and services designated as scarce, in accordance with instructions provided by the Contracting Officer.

(m) Evacuation.

(1) If the Combatant Commander orders a mandatory evacuation of some or all personnel, the Government will provide assistance, to the extent available, to contractor personnel who are U.S. citizens and third country nationals.



(2) In the event of a non-mandatory evacuation order, unless authorized in writing by the Contracting Officer, the Contractor shall maintain personnel on location sufficient to meet obligations under this contract.

(n) Next of kin notification and personnel recovery.

(1) The Contractor shall be responsible for notification of the employee designated next of kin in the event an employee dies, requires evacuation due to an injury, or is isolated, missing, detained, captured, or abducted.

(2) The Government will assist in personnel recovery actions in accordance with DoD Directive 3002.01E, Personnel Recovery in the Department of Defense.

(o) Mortuary affairs. Contractor personnel who die while in support of the U.S. Armed Forces shall be covered by the DoD mortuary affairs program as described in DoD Directive 1300.22, Mortuary Affairs Policy, and DoD Instruction 3020.41, Operational Contract Support.

(p) Changes. In addition to the changes otherwise authorized by the Changes clause of this contract, the Contracting Officer may, at any time, by written order identified as a change order, make changes in the place of performance or Government furnished facilities, equipment, material, services, or site. Any change order issued in accordance with this paragraph (p) shall be subject to the provisions of the Changes clause of this contract.

(q) Subcontracts. The Contractor shall incorporate the substance of this clause, including this paragraph (q), in all subcontracts that require subcontractor personnel to perform in the USAFRICOM area of responsibility.

(End of Clause)

252.234-7002 EARNED VALUE MANAGEMENT SYSTEM (MAY 2011)

(Applicable only to Purchase Orders when Seller is identified in paragraph (k) of the clause. Applies to Commercial and Non-Commercial procurements).

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause—

"Acceptable earned value management system" means an earned value management system that generally complies with system criteria in paragraph (b) of this clause.

"Earned value management system" means an earned value management system that complies with the earned value management system guidelines in the ANSI/EIA-748.

"Significant deficiency" means a shortcoming in the system that materially affects the ability of officials of the Department of Defense to rely upon information produced by the system that is needed for management purposes.

(b) System criteria. In the performance of this contract, the Contractor shall use-

(1) An Earned Value Management System (EVMS) that complies with the EVMS guidelines in the American National Standards Institute/Electronic Industries Alliance Standard 748, Earned Value Management Systems (ANSI/EIA-748); and



(2) Management procedures that provide for generation of timely, reliable, and verifiable information for the Contract Performance Report (CPR) and the Integrated Master Schedule (IMS) required by the CPR and IMS data items of this contract.

(c) If this contract has a value of \$50 million or more, the Contractor shall use an EVMS that has been determined to be acceptable by the Cognizant Federal Agency (CFA). If, at the time of award, the Contractor's EVMS has not been determined by the CFA to be in compliance with the EVMS guidelines as stated in paragraph (b)(1) of this clause, the Contractor shall apply its current system to the contract and shall take necessary actions to meet the milestones in the Contractor's EVMS plan.

(d) If this contract has a value of less than \$50 million, the Government will not make a formal determination that the Contractor's EVMS complies with the EVMS guidelines in ANSI/EIA-748 with respect to the contract. The use of the Contractor's EVMS for this contract does not imply a Government determination of the Contractor's compliance with the EVMS guidelines in ANSI/EIA-748 for application to future contracts. The Government will allow the use of a Contractor's EVMS that has been formally reviewed and determined by the CFA to be in compliance with the EVMS guidelines in ANSI/EIA-748.

(e) The Contractor shall submit notification of any proposed substantive changes to the EVMS procedures and the impact of those changes to the CFA. If this contract has a value of \$50 million or more, unless a waiver is granted by the CFA, any EVMS changes proposed by the Contractor require approval of the CFA prior to implementation. The CFA will advise the Contractor of the acceptability of such changes as soon as practicable (generally within 30 calendar days) after receipt of the Contractor's notice of proposed changes. If the CFA waives the advance approval requirements, the Contractor shall disclose EVMS changes to the CFA at least 14 calendar days prior to the effective date of implementation.

(f) The Government will schedule integrated baseline reviews as early as practicable, and the review process will be conducted not later than 180 calendar days after—

- (1) Contract award;
- (2) The exercise of significant contract options; and
- (3) The incorporation of major modifications.

During such reviews, the Government and the Contractor will jointly assess the Contractor's baseline to be used for performance measurement to ensure complete coverage of the statement of work, logical scheduling of the work activities, adequate resourcing, and identification of inherent risks.

(g) The Contractor shall provide access to all pertinent records and data requested by the Contracting Officer or duly authorized representative as necessary to permit Government surveillance to ensure that the EVMS complies, and continues to comply, with the performance criteria referenced in paragraph (b) of this clause.

(h) When indicated by contract performance, the Contractor shall submit a request for approval to initiate an over-target baseline or over-target schedule to the Contracting Officer. The request shall include a top-level projection of cost and/or schedule growth, a determination of whether or not performance variances will be retained, and a schedule of implementation for the rebaselining. The Government will acknowledge receipt of the request in a timely manner (generally within 30 calendar days).



(i) Significant deficiencies. (1) The Contracting Officer will provide an initial determination to the Contractor, in writing, of any significant deficiencies. The initial determination will describe the deficiency in sufficient detail to allow the Contractor to understand the deficiency.

(2) The Contractor shall respond within 30 days to a written initial determination from the Contracting Officer that identifies significant deficiencies in the Contractor's EVMS. If the Contractor disagrees with the initial determination, the Contractor shall state, in writing, its rationale for disagreeing.

(3) The Contracting Officer will evaluate the Contractor's response and notify the Contractor, in writing, of the Contracting Officer's final determination concerning—

(i) Remaining significant deficiencies;

(ii) The adequacy of any proposed or completed corrective action;

(iii) System noncompliance, when the Contractor's existing EVMS fails to comply with the earned value management system guidelines in the ANSI/EIA-748; and

(iv) System disapproval, if initial EVMS validation is not successfully completed within the timeframe approved by the Contracting Officer, or if the Contracting Officer determines that the Contractor's earned value management system contains one or more significant deficiencies in high-risk guidelines in ANSI/EIA-748 standards (guidelines 1, 3, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 12, 16, 21, 23, 26, 27, 28, 30, or 32). When the Contracting Officer determines that the existing earned value management system contains one or more significant deficiencies in one or more of the remaining 16 guidelines in ANSI/EIA-748 standards, the Contracting Officer will use discretion to disapprove the system based on input received from functional specialists and the auditor.

(4) If the Contractor receives the Contracting Officer's final determination of significant deficiencies, the Contractor shall, within 45 days of receipt of the final determination, either correct the significant deficiencies or submit an acceptable corrective action plan showing milestones and actions to eliminate the significant deficiencies.

(j) Withholding payments. (1) If the Contracting Officer makes a final determination to disapprove the Contractor's EVMS, and the contract includes the clause at <u>252.242-7005</u>, Contractor Business Systems, the Contracting Officer will withhold payments in accordance with that clause.

(k) With the exception of paragraphs (i) and (j) of this clause, the Contractor shall require its subcontractors to comply with EVMS requirements as follows:

(1) For subcontracts valued at \$50 million or more, the following subcontractors shall comply with the requirements of this clause:

[Contracting Officer to insert names of subcontractors (or subcontracted effort if subcontractors have not been selected) designated for application of the EVMS requirements of this clause.]



(2) For subcontracts valued at less than \$50 million, the following subcontractors shall comply with the requirements of this clause, excluding the requirements of paragraph (c) of this clause:

[Contracting Officer to insert names of subcontractors (or subcontracted effort if subcontractors have not been selected) designated for application of the EVMS requirements of this clause.]

(End of clause)

252.239-7016 TELECOMMUNICATIONS SECURITY EQUIPMENT, DEVICES, TECHNIQUES, AND SERVICES (DEC 1991)

(Applicable to all Purchase Orders which require securing telecommunications. Applies to Commercial and Non-Commercial procurements).

(a) Definitions. As used in this clause-

(1) "Securing" means the application of Government-approved telecommunications security equipment, devices, techniques, or services to contractor telecommunications systems.

(2) "Sensitive information" means any information the loss, misuse, or modification of which, or unauthorized access to, could adversely affect the national interest or the conduct of Federal programs, or the privacy to which individuals are entitled under 5 U.S.C. 552a (the Privacy Act), but which has not been specifically authorized under criteria established by an Executive Order or Act of Congress to be kept secret in the interest of national defense or foreign policy.

(3) "Telecommunications systems" means voice, record, and data communications, including management information systems and local data networks that connect to external transmission media, when employed by Government agencies, contractors, and subcontractors to transmit—

(i) Classified or sensitive information;

(ii) Matters involving intelligence activities, cryptologic activities related to national security, the command and control of military forces, or equipment that is an integral part of a weapon or weapons system; or

(iii) Matters critical to the direct fulfillment of military or intelligence missions.

(b) This solicitation/contract identifies classified or sensitive information that requires securing during telecommunications and requires the Contractor to secure telecommunications systems. The Contractor agrees to secure information and systems at the following location: (Identify the location.)



(c) To provide the security, the Contractor shall use Government-approved telecommunications equipment, devices, techniques, or services. A list of the approved equipment, etc. may be obtained from (identify where list can be obtained). Equipment, devices, techniques, or services used by the Contractor must be compatible or interoperable with (list and identify the location of any telecommunications security equipment, device, technique, or service currently being used by the technical or requirements organization or other offices with which the Contractor must communicate).

(d) Except as may be provided elsewhere in this contract, the Contractor shall furnish all telecommunications security equipment, devices, techniques, or services necessary to perform this contract. The Contractor must meet ownership eligibility conditions for communications security equipment designated as controlled cryptographic items.

(e) The Contractor agrees to include this clause, including this paragraph (e), in all subcontracts which require securing telecommunications.

(End of clause)